



# GARVI GUJARAT

RNI No. GUJENG/2014/57876

ગરવી ગુજરાત

Published Daily from Ahmedabad

Volume-12

Issue-021

Dt. 23-08-2025

Saturday

Page-04

Rs.00.50 paisa

EDITOR : ASHVINKUMAR KESHAVAL RAMI Regd. Office: TF-01, Nanakram Super Market, Ramnagar, Sabarmati, Ahmedabad-380 005. Gujarat, India.

Phone : 90163 33307 (M) 93283 33307, 98253 33307 • Email : garvigujarat2007@gmail.com • Email : garvigujarat2007@yahoo.com • Website : www.garvigujarat.co.in

## 'If a Clerk Can Be Suspended, Why Not PM?': Modi Defends Bills To Remove Jailed Ministers

(Gns).

At a rally in Gayaji, Bihar, Prime Minister Narendra Modi defended the recently introduced constitutional amendment bill that empowers the Centre to remove any jailed minister from office.

Speaking at the event, PM Modi highlighted that if a government employee is jailed for even 50 hours, they are suspended from their job. He questioned why similar rules should not apply to the Prime Minister, chief ministers, or other ministers.

At a rally in Gaya, Bihar, Prime Minister Narendra Modi defended a constitutional amendment bill empowering the Centre to remove jailed ministers,

while Union Home Minister Amit Shah introduced the bill in the Lok Sabha, along with two other bills, which have faced criticism from the opposition.

Switch To Shorts



If Jailed Clerk Can Be Suspended Why Not PM Modi Defends Bills To Sack Ministers In Jail

"...If a government employee is imprisoned for 50 hours, then he is suspended automatically, whether it is a driver, a clerk, or a peon. But a CM, a Minister, or even a PM

NDA government has enacted laws against corruption, and these laws also apply to the Prime Minister. "Some time ago, we saw how files were being signed from jail and government orders issued from detention. If leaders have such an attitude, how can we fight corruption? The NDA government has brought a law against corruption, and the Prime Minister is also covered under it," he added.

The Controversial Bills On Tuesday, Union Home Minister Amit Shah introduced three bills in the Lok Sabha, including the Constitution (One Hundred and Thirtieth Amendment) Bill, 2025.

can continue holding office even from jail," Modi stated during the rally.

He emphasized that the

## Chief Minister Shri Bhupendra Patel Approves ₹490 Crore Grant for Construction of Panchayat Houses in 2,055 Gram Panchayats for the First Time in Gujarat

Gandhinagar, 22 August 2025 : Chief Minister Shri Bhupendra Patel has approved a grant of ₹489.95 crore for 2,055 new Gram Panchayat buildings under the Gram Panchayat Ghar cum Talati-Mantri Awas Yojana to achieve 100 percent saturation in the state.

To ensure that Gram Panchayats, the fundamental and significant unit of the three-tier Panchayati Raj system, have their own Panchayat buildings, Chief Minister Shri Bhupendra Patel has sanctioned a substantial grant for this purpose.

The State Government's Panchayat Department allocates funds from the annual budget to construct new Panchayat buildings

for Gram Panchayats with dilapidated or no existing Panchayat buildings, as well as for Talati-cum-Mantri residences. Construction of these facilities is carried out as per the identified needs.

Accordingly, villages with a population of more than 10,000 are allotted ₹40 lakh, villages with a population between 5,000 and 10,000 are allotted ₹34.83 lakh, and villages with a population below 5,000 are allotted ₹25 lakh for building Gram Panchayat Ghar cum Talati-Mantri Awas.

In this context, for the first time, Chief Minister has simultaneously

approved ₹489.95 crore for new Panchayat houses in 2,055 Gram Panchayats of the state, based on unit



cost determined by the population of each village. As a result, most Gram Panchayats will be able to commence construction of their own buildings within this year itself.

Moreover, the Chief Minister has adopted a positive approach to ensure that citizens can easily and quickly access government services at the rural level through modernised Gram Panchayat offices with advanced facilities.

In addition, the Panchayat Department is also working towards achieving 100 percent saturation in the construction of such Panchayat houses for Gram Panchayats covered under other schemes.

Once this work is completed, all Gram Panchayats in the state will be equipped with their own Panchayat houses, enabling rural citizens to receive government services swiftly and conveniently right at their doorstep.

## Online Gaming Bill now law after Prez Murmu's nod

(Gns).

President Droupadi Murmu on Friday gave her assent to the Promotion and Regulation of Online Gaming Bill, 2025, a day after it was passed by the Parliament.

The Bill got the Parliament nod on Thursday after it was also approved in the Rajya Sabha by a voice vote amidst the din.

The Bill, moved by Union Minister for Electronics and Information Technology Ashwini Vaishnaw for consideration and passing in the Upper House, aims to promote and regulate the online gaming sector, including e-sports, educational games, and social gaming, while prohibiting online money games and related adver-

tisements.

The Bill was earlier passed in the Lok Sabha on Wednesday.

With Presidential assent to the Bill, the new law now comes into effect.

The new law imposes stringent penalties on those



facilitating such services, with imprisonment of up to three years and fines reaching Rs 1 crore.

Advertising or promoting such platforms will also attract punishment of up to two years and fines of Rs 50 lakh.

After Parliament gave its nod to the Bill, Prime Minister Narendra Modi said it would save society

Thursday, a day after the Lok Sabha cleared it within seven minutes.

Both Houses witnessed strong protests by the Opposition members who alleged procedural irregularities and insufficient debate.

Vaishnaw, while piloting the legislation, argued that the move was essential to protect families from financial ruin caused by online gambling.

"From time to time, society grapples with social evils. In these circumstances, it is the duty of the government and the Parliament to probe and make laws to control them," Vaishnaw said in the Rajya Sabha, adding that people were losing their "life's savings" in such platforms.

## CM extends disaster relief package across Himachal Pradesh

(Gns).

Himachal Pradesh Chief Minister Sukhvinder Singh Sukhu on Friday announced in the assembly that the special disaster relief package earlier declared for Seraj will now be implemented across the state.

While intervening in the during discussion in an adjournment motion brought by BJP under Rule 67, he said the package will apply wherever heavy rainfall, landslides, or other natural calamities cause damage during this monsoon.

The Chief Minister stated that people who have lost their homes and no

longer have land to rebuild on should be given one bigha of forest land for housing, for which a proposal has been sent to the Centre seeking permission to allow use of such land for rehabilitation. "For those who have lost both their houses and land, it is essential that the central government allows housing on forest land," Sukhu said.

He further announced that the relief package will also cover damages caused by the release of excess water from the

Pong Dam, which has destroyed fields and swept away houses.

Acknowledging that families have lost not only their homes but also all belongings, Sukhu said the house construction grant has been enhanced from Rs 7 lakh to Rs 7.70 lakh and the additional Rs 70,000 will help families purchase essential household items and clothing.

Earlier, Revenue Minister Jagat Singh Negi also participated in the discussion, however, the opposition staged a walk-

out before he began his reply.

Speaking in their absence, Negi said the government is committed to strengthening disaster management.

He pointed out that the relief manual earlier provided very limited assistance, but under the Chief Minister's leadership, the package has been significantly revised. "Raising the house construction grant to Rs 7 lakh is unprecedented in the country. No other Chief Minister has done this," he said. A cabinet sub-committee under his chairmanship was set up to recommend measures for immediate aid, he added.



## Sharad Pawar turns down Fadnavis' request seeking support for BJP VP candidate

(Gns).

NCP founder Sharad Pawar told media persons here on Friday that he turned down a request by Maharashtra Chief Minister Devendra Fadnavis, seeking NCP's support for NDA's Vice President candidate CP Radhakrishnan.

Significantly, Sharad Pawar's statement has come a day after Uddhav Thackeray-led Shiv Sena Rajya Sabha MP and chief party spokesperson Sanjay Raut said that "Defence Minister Rajnath Singh and Devendra Fadnavis called Uddhav Thackeray requesting him to vote (for CP Radhakrishnan). Singh must have requested other parties to do the same. When you (the NDA) have

a majority, why do you need support from the opposition? It is a clear indication that the NDA's position is not as strong as

why the BJP has begun to contact opposition parties seeking their support.

Speaking to media persons at a press conference



it is trying to show."

Raut had stated that the BJP-led NDA is not confident about securing a majority for its Vice President candidate CP Radhakrishnan, which is

here on Friday, Sharad Pawar said, "The election for the post of Vice President is underway. We have held meetings and submitted the nomination for retired Supreme Court

judge Justice B Sudarshan. The ruling party announced its candidate, and Chief Minister Devendra Fadnavis called me requesting my cooperation. However, I said it was not possible, as he (Radhakrishnan) holds different views."

It is learnt that Shiv Sena chief Uddhav Thackeray has also turned down the request by Fadnavis to support CP Radhakrishnan.

"When former Jharkhand Chief Minister Soren went to meet then Jharkhand Governor CP Radhakrishnan, Soren was arrested from the Raj Bhawan itself, which is the official residence of the Governor.



ગરવી ગુજરાત

हिन्दी



Jio Air Fiber



Jio Tv +



Jio Fiber



Daily Hunt



ebaba TV



Dish Plus



DTH live OTT



Rock TV



Airtel



Amezone Fire



Roku Tv-US.UK

देश-दुनिया के नवीनतम समाचार  
प्राप्त करने के लिए आज ही  
गरवी गुजरात हिंदी चैनल देखिये



## Editorial

### Small opportunity

The emergence of a fresh ceasefire plan in West Asia has created a narrow window for de-escalation in the Gaza war. Hamas is said to have signalled willingness to accept the framework, but whether this moment can be converted into lasting peace depends largely on Israel's response and the readiness of mediators to bridge the gulf between the two sides. The obstacles, however, remain formidable. Israel has made clear that it will only agree to an arrangement in which all hostages are freed at once.

The government faces mounting pressure from families desperate for their loved ones' return, yet it is equally determined not to appear as though Hamas has extracted concessions under fire. Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu has pledged nothing short of dismantling Hamas, ensuring Israeli security control over Gaza, and preventing any future Palestinian administration tied to existing leadership. Against this backdrop, a phased release of hostages, however humane it might appear, does not easily align with Israel's stated red lines.

Meanwhile, the humanitarian catastrophe in Gaza continues to deepen. With most homes damaged or destroyed, hospitals collapsing, and food insecurity tipping into famine, Palestinians find themselves in a battle not for political leverage but for basic survival. Protests from within Gaza have made it clear that ordinary people yearn not for strategic victories but for safety, dignity, and relief from unrelenting violence. Pressure is also mounting inside Israel. Vast crowds have taken to the streets in recent weeks, demanding a deal to bring the hostages home and to end the war. Families of captives warn that another major offensive, particularly in Gaza City, could imperil those still alive.

Their voices highlight the human cost of delay: every passing day risks extinguishing what fragile hope remains for the hostages' safe return. Mediators in Cairo and Doha are acutely aware of the urgency. By extracting a signal of acceptance from Hamas without amendments, they have managed to create a diplomatic opening where few existed. Yet such openings are inherently fragile. Unless Israel is prepared to display flexibility, the effort will stall, leaving the battlefield – not the negotiating table – to dictate outcomes. The broader lesson is clear: wars framed in terms of total victory rarely yield stable conclusions. Absolute conditions eliminate the space for compromise, even when compromise is the only path to halting destruction.

A phased truce may be imperfect, but it offers a chance to slow the bloodshed, return at least some of the hostages, and test whether longer-term arrangements are possible. If rejected outright, the region risks being dragged deeper into an endless cycle of escalation, where both hostages and civilians pay the price for uncompromising demands. Those who can influence Israel and Hamas must step forward now. The choice is stark. Accepting an imperfect pause could save lives and open the door, however slightly, to political dialogue. Insisting on absolute outcomes risks ensuring only unending war.

## Expanding the education eco-system

(Gns). The National Education Policy (NEP) 2020 has introduced a transformative approach to India's higher education system with the aim to achieve the three primacies of access, quality and future readiness. It emphasizes setting up more Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) in underserved areas to 'ensure full access, equity, and inclusion while recommending at least one large multidisciplinary HEI in or near every district. It has proposed a 50 per cent Gross Enrolment Ratio (GER) in higher education by 2035, which would nearly double the student population from 4.33 crore (2021-22) in a decade.

This would make India the world's largest higher education system. To accommodate this massive growth, India will need to nearly double its current number of universities. An analysis of the current geographical distribution of universities in India reveals that over the last seven decades, their locations have been primarily determined by supply – side considerations rather than demand-driven factors. As a result, universities are concentrated in and around urban centres, rather than being spread across districts. For a more balanced distribution over the next decade, evidence-based spatial analyses can help provide insights for the strategic location of new universities across India.

The Ministry of Education publishes the All-India Survey on Higher Education (AISHE), an annual report that offers comprehensive insights into the state of higher education across the country. When combined with available demographic data, this information holds significant potential for

analysing the geographical distribution and concentration of colleges and universities. It also provides policymakers with valuable evidence to recommend optimal locations for establishing new universities. The key highlights are published alongside

A recent Working Paper by NITI Aayog on 'Establishing New Universities in India' used in-depth spatial and statistical analysis to provide insights at three levels: District-level: There are 81 districts with 50 or more colleges, but no universities. Given their large population base and demand for higher education, these districts may consider establishment of new cluster universities. UP accounts for 32 of these districts, followed by Maharashtra with 13 districts. In UP, 32 State Public Universities (SPUs) have an exceptionally high number of 8,375 affiliated colleges. This translates to 262 colleges per SPU. While UP comprises about 7.8 per cent of India's universities, accounts for approximately 18.4 per cent of colleges.

This situation provides an opportunity for focused efforts to integrate high potential colleges into cluster universities for decentralized capacity expansion. Region-level: After mapping the location of existing universities, spatial autocorrelation identifies contiguous regions spanning multiple districts with low university presence. These regions account for more than 75 per cent of Aspirational Districts, spread across our major areas as : North-eastern

(Gns). When India hosts the AI Impact Summit in February 2026, it will not just be another global-meet artificial intelligence. It is, in fact, the moment where India signals its readiness to move beyond declarations and frameworks and into the territory of delivery. After Blotchley Park, Seoul, and Paris, the global conversation has largely revolved around ethics, risk, and governance. Now, India wants to take the baton forward, bridging aspiration with implementation, especially for the Global South.

For India, this summit is as much about positioning as it is about purpose. It strengthens India's claim of being not just a consumer of AI innovation but a creator, regulator, and exporter of frameworks. Hosting the summit in New Delhi reflects a conscious attempt to consolidate leadership, India is no longer satisfied with merely participating in the global AI order; it seeks to shape it. It also ties back to India's larger digital story : aadhaar, UPI, DigiLocker, and now IndiaAI Mission, which democratize access to compute power and indigenous language models. The summit demonstrates that India's innovation narrative is not restricted to fintech or digital governance, it's extending to the heart of future geopolitics: artificial intelligence.

The expected outcomes of the summit are significant and wide-ranging. India is likely to push for global standards for AI protocols, focusing on creating a standardized framework for AI deployment in communication

States (especially Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, and Manipur), eastern Maharashtra with south-western Odisha, eastern Madhya Pradesh with south-eastern Uttar Pradesh and Bihar, and eastern Gujarat with neighbouring western Madhya Pradesh. To enhance higher education access in these underserved regions,



establishing new and specialized universities tailored to local needs is recommended.

State-level: A composite index created using five key indicators helped evaluate demand for universities at the state-level. The index included two positive factors where higher values indicate greater demand: percentage of state's population relative to national population, and percentage of 18-23-year-olds within the state. It also used three negative factors where lower values indicate higher demand: GER in the state, and ratio of universities and colleges per lakh population. States with higher composite scores in the index indicate a requirement for more universities to meet existing demand.

The analysis indicates that UP, India's most populous state, has the greatest need for new universities. Other large states with significant populations such as Maharashtra, West Bengal, Bihar, Rajasthan, and Madhya Pradesh, also emerge as high-priority

and governance. Such a framework would include interoperability, risk assessment, and ethical safeguards, ensuring that the systems shaping public life are transparent, accountable, and aligned with democratic values. Equally important will be the effort to bridge the global divide. One of the



key outcomes may be a concrete roadmap enabling developing nations to access affordable AI infrastructure and datasets, addressing the Global South's longstanding complaint of being left behind in the AI revolution.

At the heart of India's contribution lies the nurturing of AI models with local roots. Open-source foundational models developed by Sarvam AI, Soken AI, Gnani AI, and Gan AI, trained on Indian languages and cultural contexts, are poised to emerge as global case studies in inclusivity. This is not just about technological sovereignty but about ensuring that AI reflects the lived realities of diverse populations. Alongside this, India's proposal to establish the IndiaAI Safety Institute through a hub-and-spoke model could set new benchmarks in risk moni-

toring, algorithm audits, and damage detection, making safety as central to AI innovation as efficiency.

The urgency of these outcomes becomes clearer when we consider communication. Communication is the nervous system of democracy, and if AI sys-

tems are to mediate that space, they need rules of engagement. A standard protocol for AI in communication would ensure disclosure, so that users know when they are interacting with AI-generated content. It would also demand verification, ensuring that AI-driven information is traceable and anchored to credible sources. Such a protocol would enforce inclusion, reflecting linguistic diversity, cultural nuance, and accessibility for differently-abled users. And it would demand restraint, preventing AI from amplifying hate speech, propaganda, or weaponized misinformation. To bring

(Gns). In the Indian nationalist movement, personalities and ideas emerged and evolved in response to British rule over a period of two centuries, first by the English East India Company and from 1858 the British parliament. Bengal, the seat of British rule saw the emergence of a nascent English-speaking educated class in administration and allied professions like law and commerce. Macaulay understood that long-term rule would require incorporation of certain sections of educated Indians, who were subsequently referred to as brown sahibs.

He also streamlined the administration with strict rules for British colonial administrators to justify the White Man's rule as being better than that of the natives. A typical example of this period was Dwarkanath Tagore, grandfather of Rabindranath who was involved in a number of successful business enterprises. The real break in comprehending the nature of British rule and the task before India at that initial stage was best projected by Raja Rammohan Roy, the first modern man in India who emphasized on certain universal values like recognizing the historic importance of the French Revolution, meeting Bentham and fighting for the freedom of the press, comparable to Milton who in 1644 opposed censorship and upheld a free press for ascertaining truth and furthering social progress.

Rammohan also realised the urgent need for reforming a stagnant society in view of the prevailing inhuman practices including sati. He accepted the fact that India was in a situation of backwardness and was confident that its encounter with a more advanced order would be beneficial as it would imbibe a scientific temper, toleration, and the rule of law. He was of the view that India's apprenticeship would be long, one that would last a century and

this vision alive, we need a phased approach.

In the short term, disclosure norms must be established, AI tools should be piloted in public service communication, and training datasets must be built across all major Indian languages. In the medium term, India must develop indigenous



communication models tailored for governance, media, and education, reducing dependence on Western platforms. And in the long term, the goal should be to reimagine communication ecosystems where AI acts as a trust enabler, fact-checking in real time, preventing misinformation outbreaks, and even facilitating meaningful citizen-to-government dialogue.

The India summit is not being built in isolation; it is a direct continuation of India's stand at the Paris AI Summit in 2024, where Prime Minister Narendra Modi argued that AI must be ethical, inclusive, and human-centric. The PM

## Freedom Struggle

half. His demands for civil liberties and political reforms reappeared as the demands of the early Congress.

Ranade's Prarthana Samaj followed Rammohan's footprints and even Dayanand went to Calcutta to imbibe the spirit of reform from the Brahmo Movement. Dayanand stressed on the cardinal importance of the Vedas but also conceded that India had a lot to learn from the British like the value they placed on contract, pride in speaking their language and wearing their own dress matter in which part of the world they were in. The shift from social reform to political matters in the discourse in India was with the articulation of Who wants to live without freedom by Ranglal Bandhopadhyaya in 1858 and Nil Darpan (The Indigo Mirror) by Deshbandu Mitra in 1858-59.

The latter graphically described the exploitation of the Indian workers by British plantation indigo owners. The establishment of the three universities after the first war of independence of 1857, Calcutta, Bombay and Madras helped in consolidating the urbanised English knowing middle class, a fact taken note of by Sir Syed Ahmed Khan. Surendranath Bannerjee's Indian Association in 1876 was the first nationwide organization but was short lived mainly because of two reasons, (1) over centralization in Calcutta and (2) the mutual suspicion of the emerging elite in the metropolitan towns. The Hindu Mela, established by Nabagopal Mitra, Rajnarayan Basu and Manmohan Bose in Bengal in 1867 and the Ilbert Bill (1883) further consolidated the anger of the middle-class against the local British administration.

AO Hume was aware of the major contradictions within Indian society and wanted the Indian National Congress, established in 1885, to be a moderate organization. Surendranath Banerjee was kept out because of his radicalism. He joined the Congress in 1886. The leadership of the Congress was conscious of the deep cleavages with pronounced identities and rivalries within Indian society. Its attempt, as pointed out by Niharjan Ray was to promote a common platform for all sections of the Indian people, irrespective of the community and province to which they might belong. Its proclaimed object was the 'fuller development and consolidation of the sentiments of national unity'. It took up issues like reform of the Legislative Council, abolition of the India Council, reduction of military expenditure and promotion of technical education. Its plank was a peaceful and constitutional movement for self-government and a slow and gradual consolidation of democratic institutions. It was perceived as a Hindu organization by a large section of the Muslim elite. Even Tyabji wanted some kind of protection/safeguards for the Muslim minority.

However, the Aligarh school of thought was that a permanent majority and a permanent minority would be detrimental to its interests and became firm supporters of the British Raj. Radicalism within the Congress consolidated in the 1890s with the rise of Tilak, the first major popular leader with his mobilization against the Age of Consent Bill in 1891 and in organizing the Ganapati and Shivaji festivals in 1893 and 1895-6 respectively. The split in the Congress was sealed in 1907 at the Surat session and a truncated Congress led by the Moderates continued till 1915.

The twin effect of Tilak's return in 1914 and Gokhale's death in 1915

stresses that while advanced nations debate future existential risks, developing countries face immediate and tangible challenge : access, affordability, and trust. He underlined that AI cannot become the monopoly of a few, and must instead serve as a tool of empowerment for all, especially

in education, healthcare, agriculture, and governance. This vision now finds expression in the AI Impact Summit 2026. Where Paris was about setting out principles, Delhi is about translating those principles into practice.

By focusing on compute infrastructure, local models, and safety frameworks, India is demonstrating how ideals can turn into workable systems. It also highlights India's distinct perspective. While Western nations remain preoccupied with hypothetical "existential risks," India sees the immediate challenge as ensuring equi-

wanted the Indian National Congress, established in 1885, to be a moderate organization. Surendranath Banerjee was kept out because of his radicalism. He joined the Congress in 1886. The leadership of the Congress was conscious of the deep cleavages with pronounced identities and rivalries within Indian society. Its attempt, as pointed out by Niharjan Ray was to promote a common platform for all sections of the Indian people, irrespective of the community and province to which they might belong. Its proclaimed object was the 'fuller development and consolidation of the sentiments of national unity'. It took up issues like reform of the Legislative Council, abolition of the India Council, reduction of military expenditure and promotion of technical education. Its plank was a peaceful and constitutional movement for self-government and a slow and gradual consolidation of democratic institutions. It was perceived as a Hindu organization by a large section of the Muslim elite. Even Tyabji wanted some kind of protection/safeguards for the Muslim minority.

However, the Aligarh school of thought was that a permanent majority and a permanent minority would be detrimental to its interests and became firm supporters of the British Raj. Radicalism within the Congress consolidated in the 1890s with the rise of Tilak, the first major popular leader with his mobilization against the Age of Consent Bill in 1891 and in organizing the Ganapati and Shivaji festivals in 1893 and 1895-6 respectively. The split in the Congress was sealed in 1907 at the Surat session and a truncated Congress led by the Moderates continued till 1915.

The twin effect of Tilak's return in 1914 and Gokhale's death in 1915 facilitated larger unity and also rapprochement with the Muslim League in 1916 with the Lucknow Pact. Tilak's death in 1920 made Gandhi's rise certain as there was no other comparable figure within the Congress after the Rowlett Act Satyagraha in 1919 and his initiation of the Non-Cooperation Movement in 1920. After the 1918 Jallianwala Bagh massacre Gandhi became a firm opponent, from a firm believer, of the Empire and that lasted till the end. His first major challenge to British rule was with his declaration of attaining swaraj within one year. The Gandhian era is a fascinating period where followers and opponents articulated their views on politics and Indian nationalism intensely. Gandhi's major achievement was two-fold: first, organizational, making the Congress a functioning political outfit with a constitution, regular elections and making it a mass and cadre party at the same time. In every village there was a Gandhi-capped Khadi clothed Congressman alongside the postman in his official uniform. Second was Gandhi's announcement of the arrival of the Indian nation – based on linguistic states acknowledging India's pluralism and a new national lingua franca Hindustani – thereby rejecting the British map.

Incidentally Dayanand was the first to propose the idea of a national language and this was subsequently iterated by Savarkar besides Gandhi. The Montford Reforms of 1919 also facilitated this discourse because of the imminence of dominion status for India and also because the British started treating the political class with a lot of respect and freedom. This was in sharp contrast to the earlier treatment meted to Tilak and Savarkar. Tilak was not allowed to carry the Bhagavad Gita during his imprisonment and this was subsequently granted only after Max Mueller's intervention.

table AI access for farmers, students, doctors, and small businesses. The key takeaways from the AI Impact Summit 2026 will be clear. It marks India's coming of age as a standard-setter in AI governance, moving beyond the role of participant to that of global shaper. It will also cement India's role as a leader of the Global South, articulating how AI can close, not widen, the developmental gap. India's model will showcase how ethics and infrastructure go hand in hand, with GPUs, datasets, and language models standing alongside values and safeguards. Perhaps the most urgent takeaway will be the establishment of communication protocols, because in a world mediated by AI, information in the wrong hands is as potent a weapon as any.

Finally, unlike earlier summits, Delhi 2026 will not just be about policy, but about impact, a chance to prove that rhetoric can indeed translate into results. In essence, the India AI Summit 2026 is not about showcasing technology. It is about anchoring AI to humanity's oldest and most vital function – communication. If India can strike the right balance between innovation and restraint, it won't just lead the conversation on AI. It will redefine how the world talks, listens, and connects in the age of algorithms.



## Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi's visit to Gujarat will bring a gift of Railway projects worth more than ₹1,400 crore to the state.

The Prime Minister will dedicate to the Nation the Doubling of the Mahesana-Palanpur Rail Line, constructed at a cost of ₹537 crore

Gauge conversion of the Kalol-Kadi-Katosan Road Rail Line, completed at a cost of ₹347 crore; and gauge conversion of the Bechraji-Ranuj Rail Line, executed at a cost of ₹520 crore

Flagging off of Passenger train between Katosan Road & Sabarmati from Kadi along with a car-loaded freight train service from Bechraji

New Delhi: On 25 August 2025, Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi will be on a visit to Gujarat, where he will dedi-

## NO DAY BLOCK OVER WR ON SUNDAY 24th AUGUST, 2025

Mumbai, **WR's NIGHT BLOCK AT VASAI ROAD YARD**  
To carry out maintenance work of tracks, signaling and overhead equipment, a Jumbo Block will be taken from 00:30 hrs to 04:30 hrs at Vasai Road Yard over Goods lines during the intervening night of Saturday/ Sunday, i.e. on 23rd/24th August, 2025.

There will be NO BLOCK in DAY TIME over Western Railway Suburban section on Sunday, 24th August, 2025.

## WESTERN RAILWAY TO RUN SPECIAL TRAIN BETWEEN BANDRA TERMINUS & BHAVNAGAR

Mumbai, For the convenience of passengers and with a view to meet the travel demand during the festive season, Western Railway will run a Special Train on Special fare between Bandra Terminus & Bhavnagar.

According to a press release issued by Chief Public Relations Officer of Western Railway, Shri Vineet Abhishek, the details of the train is as

## ADDITIONAL STOPPAGE PROVIDED AT NAVSARI STATION TO MUMBAI CENTRAL - GANDHINAGAR CAPITAL VANDE BHARAT EXPRESS

Mumbai, For the convenience of passengers, an additional stoppage will be provided at Navsari station to Train No. 20901/20902 Mumbai Central - Gandhinagar Capital Vande Bharat Express on experimental basis.

According to a press

release issued by Chief Public Relations Officer of Western Railway, Shri Vineet Abhishek, the details are as under:-

Train No. 20901 Mumbai Central - Gandhinagar Capital Vande Bharat Express has been provided with additional halt at Navsari station

Bechraji-Ranuj Rail Line at a cost of ₹520 cr. With the addition of broad-gauge capacity, these projects will ensure smoother, safer and more seamless connectivity, especially for Mahesana, Banaskantha and Patan districts. This will significantly ease travel for daily commuters, tourists and businesses, while promoting regional economic integration.

The doubling of tracks will also enhance line capacity, making it possible to run higher-speed trains on the Ahmedabad-Delhi corridor. This will allow the introduction of more passenger services and bring a marked improvement in the efficiency of freight operations, thereby infusing fresh momentum into Gujarat's economic activities.

The gauge conversion of the Bechraji-Ranuj Rail Line has been carried out in alignment with the National Logistics Policy and the PM Gati Shakti National Master Plan for Multimodal Connectivity. Its primary objective is to reduce logistics costs and further strengthen Gujarat's posi-

tion in the national Logistics Performance Index. This initiative is expected to accelerate the socio-economic progress of North Gujarat while setting a benchmark in India's logistics and railway sectors.

Further, flagging off of Passenger train between Katosan Road & Sabarmati from Kadi will provide improved access religious destinations, benefit daily commuters in the region and stimulate economic activity at the grassroots level. The car-loaded freight train service from Bechraji will enhance connectivity to the state's industrial hubs, strengthening the logistics network and generating employment opportunities. Both services represent sustainable, environment-friendly and high-speed transport options that will reduce travel time, attract new investments and drive regional industrial growth. All these Railway projects will pave the way for a Viksit Bharat through Viksit Gujarat.

This train comprises of AC 2-Tier, AC -3 Tier, AC -3 Tier (Economy), Sleeper Class and General Second Class Coaches.

The booking for Train Nos. 09209 & 09210 will open from 24th August, 2025 at all PRS counters & on IRCTC website. For detailed information regarding timings of halts and composition, passengers may please visit [www.enquiry.indianrail.gov.in](http://www.enquiry.indianrail.gov.in).

Enroute, this train will halt at Borivali, Palghar, Vapi, Valsad, Navsari, Surat, Bharuch, Vadodara, Ahmedabad, Viramgam, Surendranagar Gate, Botad, Dhola, Songadh, Sihor Gujarat and Bhavnagar Para stations in both directions.

Train No. 09209 Bandra Terminus - Bhavnagar Special [ 2 Trips]  
Train No. 09209 Bandra Terminus - Bhavnagar Special will depart from Bandra Terminus on Saturday, 30th August, 2025 at 13:50 hrs, and will reach Bhavnagar at 04:30 hrs, the next day. Similarly, Train No. 09210 Bhavnagar - Bandra

under:

Train No. 09210 Bandra Terminus - Bhavnagar Special will depart from Bandra Terminus on Saturday, 30th August, 2025 at 13:50 hrs, and will reach Bhavnagar at 04:30 hrs, the next day. Similarly, Train No. 09210 Bhavnagar - Bandra

release issued by Chief Public Relations Officer of Western Railway, Shri Vineet Abhishek, the details are as under:-

Train No. 20901 Mumbai Central - Gandhinagar Capital Vande Bharat Express has been provided with additional halt at Navsari station

release issued by Chief Public Relations Officer of Western Railway, Shri Vineet Abhishek, the details are as under:-

Train No. 20901 Mumbai Central - Gandhinagar Capital Vande Bharat Express has been provided with additional halt at Navsari station

## 7th Edition of CII UP Health Summit- “Swasth Bharat, Samarth Bharat: Together for a Healthier Future

22 August 2025 | Luckow  
CII Uttar Pradesh organized 7th Edition of UP Health Summit- “Swasth Bharat, Samarth Bharat: Together for a Healthier Future” on Friday, 22 August at Lucknow. The summit was graced by policy makers, healthcare professionals, and innovators to discuss the future of healthcare in Uttar Pradesh.

The Chief Guest of the Summit, Shri Brajesh Pathak, Hon'ble Deputy Chief Minister, Government of Uttar Pradesh said that over the past seven years, Uttar Pradesh has witnessed historic progress in healthcare—from establishing 17 new medical colleges and strengthening rural health centres, to expanding super-speciality facilities. He added that Uttar Pradesh is committed to ensuring last-mile healthcare delivery through free primary care in rural areas, dedicated Jachha-Bachha Kendras for safe motherhood and child health, digital solutions like the Sanjeevani App, and a strengthened health workforce. Our focus remains on timely, affordable, and quality services, especially for mothers, children, and underserved communities.

Smt Ritu Maheshwari, Secretary, Dept. of Health & Family Welfare, Government of Uttar Pradesh stated during the UP Health Summit that

strengthening the state's health ecosystem requires enhancing service delivery at primary and community health centres. She high-

Dr Upasana Arora, Chairperson, CII UP & UP Health Summit 2025 and Managing Director, Yashoda Super Specialty



lighted that initiatives like the Ayushman Bharat Digital Mission (ABDM) and FACTA are enabling digital interventions and data-driven monitoring, helping ensure timely and quality healthcare services for patients. Over the past three years, more than 14 crore ABHA IDs have been created, 68,000+ health facilities registered, 97,000+ health professionals trained, and close to 9.5 crore ABHA-linked health records generated. She also emphasized upskilling community health workers, improving infrastructure, and implementing innovative health technologies to ensure equitable and high-quality healthcare across the state.

Hospitals Pvt Ltd said that Uttar Pradesh is witnessing a healthcare transformation driven by government initiatives such as Ayushman Bharat expansion, digital health adoption, and new medical colleges, alongside private sector innovation and investment. Emphasizing that healthcare is not only a social priority but also a critical driver of economic growth and employment, she reaffirmed CII's commitment to strengthening the healthcare ecosystem through policy advocacy, capacity building, and grassroots interventions, while calling for deeper collaboration among government, industry, and academia.

Dr Dharminder Nagar,

Chairman CII Northern Region Committee on Healthcare & Managing Director, Paras Healthcare stated that He highlighted the remarkable progress being made in Uttar Pradesh with new medical colleges, digital health interventions, and Ayushman Bharat. Stressing that healthcare is not only a social necessity but also an economic growth driver, Dr Nagar called for transparent outcome-based public-private partnerships, stable long-term policies, and integrated hub-and-spoke networks to strengthen access, quality, and innovation. He reaffirmed CII's role as a bridge between government and industry and urged collective action to realize the vision of a “Swasth Bharat, Samarth Bharat.”

Mr Saurabh Garg, Chairman, POCT Group said that in order to strengthen the state's health ecosystem it is important to enhance the healthcare service deliveries at CHCs & PHCs level. He mentioned that POCT group is poised to work in collaboration with CII and government of Uttar Pradesh to empower the primary & community health centres by enabling them with basic infrastructure to bridge the gap of health service demands.

Mr Mukesh Kumar Sharma, Executive Director, PSI India, said Health and empowerment complement each other and are mutually dependent. At present, the government has undertaken several significant initiatives in the health sector, including Ayushman Bharat, e-Sanjeevani, U-WIN, PMSMA, and Niramaya. These efforts have helped ensure that quality healthcare services reach every section of society. However, health is not solely the responsibility of the government; it is also the responsibility of every individual to stay healthy and help ensure that government schemes reach everyone. The government is also effectively ensuring the participation of non-governmental organizations and the private sector, which is commendable. In conclusion, my message is clear: our collective aspiration is a healthy India, and our collective goal is a developed India.

The summit was attended by more than 180 industry members.

## 106 vehicles were auctioned by Kosikalan police

Mathura. Order No. 734/JA/2025 of Deputy District Magistrate chhata under a total of 106 vehicles parked at police station Kosikalan, the process of auction of vehicles related vehicles was completed under Section 41/102 CRPC. The auctioneer officers were appointed to the jurisdictional chhata Tehsildar chhata Assistant Prosecution Officer Mathura, in order to appear on the police station Kosikalan as per rules and bidding below the open sky in the police station premises under the presence of 128 bidders. The total government price of Rs 4,48,400/- was fixed by Divisional Transport Officer Mathura of all the above vehicles. Seven lakh fifty thousand rupees were



imposed by Gurusganj police station Kosikalan Mathura, resident of Faisal son Ilyas, the highest dialect of all 106 vehicles, in whose favor the auction was done. CO chhata

Bhushan Verma said that in today's auction process, 128 bidders have arrived, nine four -wheelers, three wheelers Tampo, 93 two -wheelers have been auctioned

## “A lot of people see stubbornness as a problem, but with Rubina it's her strength,” reveals Abhinav Shukla on COLORS' ‘Pati Patni Aur Panga - Jodiyon Ka Reality Check’.

One of the most powerful truths about love is that it can transform a so-called flaw into a badge of honour and that's exactly what lit up COLORS' ‘Pati Patni Aur Panga - Jodiyon Ka Reality Check’. The episode, wrapped in a Bollywood theme with all its cinematic flair, was full of laughter, nostalgia, and playful tasks. But the real blockbuster moment came when the spotlight shifted to Abhinav Shukla and Rubina Dilaik. During a fun challenge where couples had to pin down each other's defining traits, Abhinav tagged Rubina with the word “stubborn.” What began as a cheeky nudge instantly turned into the kind of revelation that makes reality TV gold. Instead of brushing it off, Abhinav explained that Rubina's stubbornness isn't a flaw at all, but the very force behind her discipline, her grit, and the meteoric success she has carved for herself. And in doing so, he reminded viewers of a simple yet profound truth that sometimes, it only takes one person who loves you the most to help you realize that what the world sees as a weakness in you is actually your



greatest strength. Abhinav Shukla, admiring Rubina's quality shares, “Rubina is stubbornly stubborn, but I mean that in the best way. I'm inspired by her stubbornness. She's very clear about what she wants and what she doesn't. If something doesn't fit into her routine, whether it's a late-night party or anything that interferes with her sleep, her gym, or her shoot schedule, she'll simply say no. And honestly, I admire that. Not

many people can do it. That stubbornness is what keeps her disciplined, focused, and consistent. I've seen her time and again stick to her principles, push herself to improve, and never take shortcuts. A lot of people see stubbornness as a problem, but with Rubina it's her strength... It's the reason behind her success. Sometimes I even feel inspired by her myself, because she reminds me that saying no and standing firm can actually be the

biggest driver of success.” Nivea Body Milk Presents ‘Pati Patni Aur Panga - Jodiyon Ka Reality Check’ Co-Powered by Sugar Free Green, Rajdhani Besan, Cadbury Dairy Milk, Pour Home Air Fresheners, Envy Perfumes and L'Oréal Paris Hyaluron Pure. Special Partner Vikram Tea, Colgate, and Catch Masale. Associate Partner Zouk Bags, airing every Saturday and Sunday at 9:30 PM, only on COLORS.

## Government Reshuffle: New Secretaries In Justice, Jal Shakti, And Mines Announced

(Gns). The Central Government has sanctioned the transfer of numerous senior officials at the Secretary level. This reshuffle impacts significant ministries such as Justice, Jal Shakti, Mines, and Ports & Shipping. New Secretaries have been appointed in these areas. The detailed list of these transfers and appointments can be found on Dynamite News.

Alka Upadhyaya, previously Secretary of the Department of Animal Husbandry & Dairying, has

been reassigned as Secretary to the National Commission for Minorities.

Rajit Punhani, who served as Secretary in the Ministry of Skill Development, is now the CEO of the Food Safety & Standards Authority of India (FSSAI).

Key Bureaucratic Changes

Debashree Mukherjee has transitioned from her role as Secretary for Water Resources, River Development & Ganga Rejuvenation to become Secretary for the Ministry of Skill Development &

Entrepreneurship. Vijay Kumar will move from being Chairman of the Inland Waterways Authority to OSD at the Ministry of Ports, Shipping & Waterways.

He will assume his new role as Secretary on 30 September 2025 after T.K. Ramachandran's retirement.

V.L. Kantha Rao has shifted from being Secretary in the Ministry of Mines to overseeing Water Resources, River Development & Ganga Rejuvenation (Jal Shakti). Sukriti Likhi will transition



from Chairperson at the National Authority Chemical Weapons Convention to OSD in the Department of Ex-Servicemen Welfare within the Ministry of Defence. She will take over as Secretary on 1 October 2025 following Niten Chandra's retirement.

Additional Appointments  
Ranjana Chopra moves from Special Secretary & FA in the Ministry of Culture to OSD in the Ministry of Tribal Affairs. She will become Secretary on 1 October 2025 after Vibhu Nayar retires.



## "Anup Jalota launches Udit Narayan and Reena Mehta's music video 'Mehsoos Ho Rahe Ho', featuring Amir Shaikh and Farhana Bhat, on Zee Music."

Mumbai, The music video "Mehsoos Ho Rahe Ho", featuring the soulful voices of Udit Narayan and Reena Mehta, was grandly launched at Red Bulb Studios in Mumbai.

Chief Guest Anup Jalota, along with notable guests Abu Malik and Dilip Sen, added to the event's splendor.

The video, beautifully shot in scenic locations of Kashmir showcases Amir Shaikh and Farhana Bhat's captivating on-screen chemistry. With rich choreography and presentation, the video has garnered significant online viewership.

Directed by Nadeem



Ansari and produced by Ocean Music & Entertainment, "Mehsoos Ho Rahe Ho" stands out for its emotional depth and



musical richness, thanks to the heartfelt lyrics by Niranjan Bhudhadhara and skilful composition by Ayan Makwana.

Released by Zee Music, the song's poignant lyrics and golden voices have captured audiences' hearts.

## PNB signs MoU with Central Reserve Police Force

22 August 2025: Punjab National Bank (PNB), India's leading public sector bank, has signed an MoU with Central Reserve Police Force. PNB is offering bouquet of services with enhanced Insurance Coverage and other benefits to all the serving personnel and pensioners of the CRPF under the bank's flagship scheme of "PNB Rakshak Plus".

The addendum to its existing MoU was exchanged in presence of Shri. Bibhu Prasad Mahapatra, Executive Director, PNB and Sh. D S Negi, DIG(Adm) CRPF at office of Directorate General of Central Reserve Police Force, CGO Complex, Lodhi Road, New Delhi-110003.



MoU was signed by Shri. Binay Kumar Gupta, Chief General Manager PNB & Sh. Zaki Ahmad, IPS, Inspector General of Police (Adm), Directorate General, CRPF, New Delhi in pres-

ence of other senior officials of Bank & CRPF. In addition, several benefits are being offered to the dependents and families of Rakshak Account Holder.

The Bank is dedicated in its commitment to the Central Armed Police Forces and will strive to continue doing the same in future as well.

## Shabbedari in Memory of the Grandfather and Grandson

On the occasion of the martyrdom of the Holy Prophet (PBUH) and Imam Hasan (A.S.) on 28th Safar, under the auspices of the Husaini Youth Foundation, a Majlis-e-Aza and Shabbedari will be organized at Dargah Hazrat Abbas Misri's Bagh, Hari

Nagar, Balaganj. Raahil Naqvi and Adil Naqvi will recite the prelude, while Hujjatul Islam Maulana Syed Hasnain Baqri Saheb will address the Majlis.

From the local Anjuman, Sipah-e-Husaini Jafariya Colony, Muftiganj will par-

ticipate, and from the external Anjuman, Anjuman Abbasia Sirauli Sultanpur, Anjuman Gulshan-e-Islam Bhaunra Ambedkarnagar, and Anjuman Masoomen Barahi Hardoi will present Nauha and Matam, offering condolences to Imam-e-Zamana (A.S.) on the mar-

tyrdom of his grandfather.

The Shabbedari will be conducted under the compering of Shadab Kazmi Rudaulvi.

This information was provided by the Foundation's President, Qamber Zafar.

## DM and SSP meeting and inspection regarding Radha Ashtami

Mathura. The administration has started comprehensive preparations for the Radha Ashtami Festival in Barsana. District officer CP Singh and SSP Shlok Kumar held a review meeting at PWD Guest House in Barsana and then inspected the Shreeji temple and visited the preparations. Members of Goswami Samaj, local residents and administrative officers were present in the meeting held.

District Magistrate Chandra Prakash Singh and Senior Superintendent of Police Shlok Kumar took a review meeting with subordinate officials regarding the preparations for Shri Radhashtami festival 2025 at the Inspection Building Auditorium of Barsana. He said that after the birth anniversary of Kanha, the administration is alert about the birth anniversary of AJ Radharani ji. Barsana is divided into six zones and 16 sectors for Shri Radha Janmotsav. This time, due to the single route, a crowd of devotees will be admitted to the stairs of Sudama Chowk of Radharani temple. At the same time, devotees will be landed by Jaipur Temple Marg. Sriradha Janmotsav will be celebrated from 30 to 31 August 2025. The main program of this festival will be held at Shri Ladli Ji Temple in Barsana. During this time lakhs of devotees will reach Shri Ladli Ji Temple, Barsana. During this time, from the morning of 30 August, the devotees will be admitted to the old stairs of Sudama Chowk in the town. At the same time, they will be brought down from the Jaipur temple route. 50 parking sites have been built in the fair area and 88 barriers will be installed.

The District Magistrate said that CCTV cameras

will be installed at 160 places to monitor every activity during the fair. The rope will be operational for the devotees during the Shri Radhashtami Festival. All the devotees will take a big circumambulation and all the devotees who visit and visit the parikrama will



District Magistrate and SSP while inspecting

be admitted through the new bus stand from Radharani Temple Gate. Abhishek's darshan will be made to devotees for about an hour. The Radharani temple will be open to the devotees for about sixteen hours. District Magistrate Chandra Prakash Singh informed that all the devotees who are circling and visit will be entered from Radharani Temple Gate Yellow Kothi Tiraha via the new bus stand. During this time, small circumambulation will remain closed. All the devotees will revolve around. Ropeway will be operated there. Senior Superintendent of Police Shlok Kumar said that this time sufficient police force will be deployed on the rumble. Instructions have been given to keep all the police personnel behaved towards the devotees. Temple receiver Sushil Goswami, Ashish Sharma, Madhumangal Goswami, Dr. Yagya Purush Goswami were specially present and they informed about all the arrangements related to the temple and said that this time the temple will be broadcast on the temple website. The District Magistrate directed

to strengthen the parking arrangements before the fair. Deputy District Magistrate Govardhan should go to the spot and inspect all the parking lots. Make appropriate arrangements for adequate parking sites on each route, ensure that all parking

sites are executed in time, their leveling, sign board, rate list, light, drinking water, cleaning, mass facilities, mobile toilets, P.A. system, goods, house, shoe, generators etcMake sure.The Assistant Manager Regional Roadways was informed that a total of 270 buses will be operated for Mayura-Barsana via Govardhan, Drandavan-Barsana Mathura-Barsana via umbrella and Mathura-Barsana via Kosi during the said event. The District Magistrate instructed to make adequate cleaning of the roads, drains, drains, bushes and sewer line of the city, arrangements of wings on temple stairs and fogging work. After the meeting, District Magistrate Chandra Prakash Singh and Senior Superintendent of Police Shlok Kumar along with police and administration officials took stock of the arrangements of Barsana town. The two high officials jointly instructed the Deputy District Magistrate Govardhan and the District Magistrate Police Govardhan to identify such houses, giving notice on those whose balconies are Garasu and make sure to

take action. He instructed to free the entire fair area. Keeping the facilities of the devotees paramount, all the arrangements were instructed to strengthen before the fair. The meeting was attended by Additional District Magistrate Finance and Revenue Dr. Pankaj Kumar, Additional District Magistrate Administration Amresh Singh, Superintendent of Police Rural Suresh Chand Rawat, Superintendent of Police Traffic Manoj Kumar, Deputy District Magistrate Govardhan Prajakta Tripathi, Mathura Vrindavan Development Authority OSD Prasanna Dwivedi, Chief Medical Officer Dr. SanjeevKumar, Nagar Panchayat Barsana Chairman Representative Padam Fauji and the servants of the temple were presentThe administration has taken several important decisions for the convenience of devotees. Parking will be arranged at various places to control the congestion of vehicles. The fair area is divided into zones and sectors. Separate officers have been appointed for each zone and sector. This will allow immediate action in emergency. Special arrangements are being made for cleanliness. Additional cleaning staff will be deployed in Barsana and surrounding areas. Live streaming will be arranged in view of the crowd at Radha Rani Temple. Devotees from far away will be able to see. The DM and SSP have instructed all officers to fulfill their responsibilities with full devotion. The main goal of the administration is that the devotees should not have any kind of inconvenience during the Radha Ashtami Festival

## Rifa-e-Aam Club, sleeping heritage woke up or a new government spectacle?

(Gns). Lucknow. Rifa-e-Aam Club located in Wazirganj, which was standing with its historical glory since 1886, suddenly came under the radar of Lucknow Development Authority. It seems that after decades of deep sleep, the authority remembered this 2,18,000 square feet Nazul property. After the lease ended in 1985, this club was handed over to LDA, but since then it had become a den of illegal occupation of 22 shopkeepers and some families. And now, as if a magic lamp has been rubbed, LDA Vice President Prathamesh Kumar has taken up the task of taking care of it. LDA immediately sent its

team to inspect this dilapidated building. The result? There were immense possibilities of marriage lawn,

sion is converted into a glittering resort overnight. And yes, all this will happen under the PPP model,



cafeteria and sports hub here. It sounds like a Bollywood script is being written, where an old man-

because the government treasury is just for show, the real earnings will come from private hands.

## Vigilance Awareness Week 2025

August 22, 2025: Union Bank of India launched a three-month Prelude Campaign for Vigilance Awareness Week 2025. Seen in the photograph Shri Nitesh Ranjan and Shri Ramasubramanian S, Executive Directors of the Bank, Shri Ajay Kumar Singh, Chief Vigilance Officer of the Bank along with other Union Bank officials.

On the occasion, Vigilance Awareness Week 2025 banner, Bank's Vigilance Department's In-House Publications "Union Vigil" & "Satarkta se Safalta" & QR Codes designed for



Union Bank of India launched a three-month Prelude Campaign for Quiz on "PIDPI" & of India observes 'Vigilance "Whistleblower" were Awareness Week" under the aegis of Central Vigilance Commission. Every year, Union Bank

## Central Monitoring Committee Meeting to Review the implementation of "Prohibition of Employment as Manual Scavengers and their Rehabilitation Act, 2013"

स्वच्छि तिथि: 22 AUG 2025 6:00PM by PIB Delhi

Minister of Social Justice and Empowerment Dr. Virendra Kumar, chaired the tenth meeting of the Central Monitoring Committee (CMC) on 22.08.2025 to review the implementation of the "Prohibition of Employment as Manual Scavengers and their Rehabilitation Act, 2013" (MS Act, 2013); The "Prohibition of Employment as Manual Scavengers and their Rehabilitation Act, 2013", an important Central Act, was enacted by the Parliament in September, 2013 and has come into force in December, 2013. It aims at complete elimination of the manual scavenging in its various manifestations and comprehensive rehabilitation of the identified manual scavengers. As per "The Prohibition of Employment as Manual Scavengers and Their Rehabilitation Act, 2013 (MS Act, 2013)", CMC is to monitor and advise the Central Government and State Government for effective implementation of

this Act and related laws and programmes; co-ordinate the functions of all concerned agencies and

sentatives from the Central Ministries/ Departments/ Commissions also attend-



look into any other matter incidental to or connected with implementation of this Act.

The meeting was attended by Shri Mithilesh Kumar, Hon'ble Member of Parliament (Rajya Sabha) and Members of CMC Shri Bhagwat Prasad Makwana, Smt. Anjana Panwar, Shri Ram Singh Balmiki, Ms. Abha Kumar, Shri Nand Jee Mishra, Shri R.M. Sriram & Shri Chaman Tulsyan. Secretary, DoSJE and Officers of States and UTs and repre-

ed the meeting. Some of the points of discussion are as under: - With the conversion of the most of the insanitary latrines into sanitary latrines under Swachh Bharat Abhiyan, the problem of manual scavenging has been eliminated.

The main focus is on ensuring mechanised cleaning of sewers and septic tanks with protective gear and observance of requisite safety precautions to achieve the objective of National Action for

An ultimatum has been given to the illegal occupants to vacate the place by August 25, otherwise. But wait, this will not be an ordinary wall that will protect the club. This will be a heritage-look boundary wall! Yes, because Lucknow's glory has to be enhanced. Along with this, horticulture, fancy lighting, roads and pathways will also be built, so that this club becomes a hit on Instagram as well.

Now let's praise a little. LDA, wearing the garb of humanity, has promised to give houses to illegal occupants under the Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana. It sounds good, but will this promise come to the ground, or will it just walk on paper? This is the same old question, do government files and reality ever walk on the same path?

This transformation of Rifa-e-Aam Club sounds very tempting. But Lucknowites know that many plans are made here, but many times they seem to be panting before reaching the end. Will this club really become the new pride of Lucknow, or will it just become another government project and get buried in files? Will it become a heritage hub for heritage tours, or will it just fill the pockets of some contractors?

## The body of a girl from Punjab found in the bathroom, the guest house owner suspects of murder

Mathura. A young woman from Punjab was murdered under suspicious circumstances in Kotwali Vrindavan area of Mathura district. The body of the woman was found lying in the bathroom of the guest house, on which the ants were crawling. As soon as the incident was reported, the police reached the spot and started investigation.

The city Kotwali is the Shreeji Mukundam guest house in Pushpanjali Bankuth Phase one of Vrindavan region. There are a temple and five rooms at the bottom bottom and six rooms are built on the other floor. Many run the bottom floor and six rooms are built on the other floor. Sunil Sharma, a resident of Jhunjhunu in Rajasthan, was running the

second floor rooms for the last two years. Five days ago, he brought an 18 -

year -old girl Sunita Rani daughter Balveer, a resident of Chandan Kheda, VPO of Fazilka, Punjab. The woman was living in the guest house since then. The temple

Crime Dharmendra Kumar reached Maya Force. When the police went to



Police investigating

the room, the girl was lying dead in the bathroom. There were ants on his hand. Police sent the body to the post-mortem home after full videography of the spot. The forensic team reached the spot and took samples for investigation. Here, the woman has bruises on her neck. It seems that he has been strangled to death. Since if

there was a noose, there would have been a rope on the spot, but the police had not found anything like a rope there. Due to this, the apprehension is being strangled to death. The police is investigating on every aspect. The girl was wearing a salwar suit. At the same time, the name Sunita was written on one hand and Sonu was writing on the other hand. The police is also looking at it by linking it with love affairs. The police has also informed the Punjab Police. Efforts are being made to deliver information to his family members. SP City Rajiv Singh said that the police is investigating every aspect. The post mortem report will be clear. Teams have been formed to catch the operator