



EDITOR : ASHVINKUMAR KESHAVAL RAMI Regd. Office: TF-01, Nanakram Super Market, Ramnagar, Sabarmati, Ahmedabad-380 005. Gujarat, India.

Phone : 90163 33307 (M) 93283 33307, 98253 33307 • Email : garvigujarat2007@gmail.com • Email : garvigujarat2007@yahoo.com • Website : www.garvigujarat.co.in

## Under the leadership of PM Modi, a grand programme for farmers' safety and crop insurance claim payments will be held tomorrow in Rajasthan

(Gns). The central government is strengthening farmer-friendly policies and a technology-based transparent system. In this regard, under the visionary leadership of Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi, a historic crop insurance claim disbursement event is being organised on 11 August 2025 in Jhunjhunu, Rajasthan, under the Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana. This programme will be chaired by Union Minister for Agriculture & Farmers' Welfare, and Rural Development, Shri Shivraj Singh Chouhan, with Rajasthan Chief Minister Shri Bhajanlal Sharma as the Chief Guest. Union Minister of State for Agriculture & Farmers' Welfare Shri Bhagirath

Choudhary, Rajasthan Agriculture Minister Dr. Kirodi Lal Meena, local public representatives, farmer leaders, and senior officials from the Ministry and the state government will be the special guests. The programme will be held on Monday, August 11, at 12 noon at the Jhunjhunu Airstrip, with large participation of farmers from Jhunjhunu, Sikar, Jaipur, Kotputli-Behror, and other districts, while lakhs of farmers from various states across the country will join virtually.

As part of an important initiative by Union Minister Shivraj Singh Chouhan to ensure the economic secu-



ity of crores of farmers in rural India, for the first time in the country, over Rs 3,200 crore in crop insurance claim payments will be digitally transferred via Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT) to the bank accounts of more than 30 lakh farmers. Out of this, over Rs 1,100 crore will be disbursed to more than 7 lakh farmers in Rajasthan. According to Shri Shivraj Singh, under the state-wise claim distribution, farmers in Madhya Pradesh will receive Rs 1,156 crore, farmers in Rajasthan will get Rs 1,121 crore, farmers in

Chhattisgarh will receive Rs 150 crore, and farmers in other states will get Rs 773 crore, directly.

The Union Minister stated that technology and transparency are key aspects of this scheme. Farmers will receive timely crop insurance claim payments, which will improve their financial situation, boost investment confidence, and enhance their ability to face uncertainties in farming.

The Union Agriculture Minister informed that the Government of India has implemented a new simplified claim settlement system in farmers' interest, where claims can be paid proportionately based only on the central subsidy without waiting for the state's premium contribution.

## Congress Raises Concerns Over PM Modi's Abrupt Halt Of Operation Sindoor Following IAF's Successful Military Actions

(Gns). The Congress has raised questions about Prime Minister Narendra Modi's decision to halt Operation Sindoor on May 10, 2025. This inquiry follows revelations from Air Chief Marshal Amar Preet Singh, who disclosed that the Indian Air Force (IAF) shot down five Pakistani fighter jets during the operation. The Congress is seeking clarity on the reasons behind the sudden cessation of military action.

Chief Marshal Amar Preet Singh shared these details during the 16th Air Chief Marshal L M Katre Memorial Lecture in Bengaluru. He described the event as India's largest recorded surface-to-air kill. "We have an indication of

at least one AWC in that AWC hangar, and a few F-16s, which are under maintenance there. We have at least five fighters confirmed killed and one large aircraft, which could be either an aircraft or an AWC, which was taken at a distance of about 300 kilometres. This is actually the largest ever recorded surface-to-air kill that we can talk about," he stated.

The Congress party is questioning Prime Minister Narendra Modi's decision to halt Operation Sindoor on May 10, 2025, after Air Chief Marshal Amar Preet Singh revealed the Indian



Air Force (IAF) shot down five Pakistani fighter jets during the operation, which targeted terror infrastructures in Pakistan and Pakistan-occupied Kashmir, following the Pahalgam incident on April 22, 2025.

Operation Sindoor was launched by the IAF to target terror infrastructures in Pakistan and Pakistan-occupied Kashmir. The mission aimed to dismantle terror networks and eliminate key figures responsible for orchestrating attacks, particularly following the Pahalgam incident on April 22, 2025. Precision strikes were carried out on various targets associated with terrorist

activities.

During the operation, several drones and missiles ended up in Indian territory. The IAF targeted strategic locations such as airfields and planning buildings used for both military and civil purposes. "So the airfield was attacked and the main building where the planning goes on, which was also used as the civil terminal building at times. As far as the Sukkur airbase is concerned, we attacked the UAB hangar and radar site," explained Air Chief Marshal Singh.

Political Reactions Congress general secretary Jairam Ramesh expressed his concerns through a post on X, questioning why PM Modi halted Operation Sindoor abruptly.

Minister Modi's leadership, India is making its voice heard strongly across the world. And now is the time for all of us to adopt Swadeshi together."

"Farmers' interests are paramount" — No compromise

Reassuring farmers, Shri Chouhan said that under Prime Minister Modi's leadership, there will be no international agreement that harms farmers' interests. "The Prime Minister has made it clear that even if a personal price has to be paid, the interests of farmers, fishermen, and livestock rearers will be safeguarded. Agreements with major countries will only be in the national interest," he said.

Regional development

## 'Historic step towards Atmanirbhar Bharat': Foundation laying ceremony of 'Brahma-BEML Rail Manufacturing Hub' project worth ₹1,800 crore in Umariya

(Gns). Signaling a major stride towards the nation's self-reliance, the Government of India today laid the foundation stone for the ₹1,800-crore 'Brahma-BEML Rail Manufacturing Hub', to be established in Umariya village of Obedullaganj, within Bhojpur Assembly of the Vidisha Parliamentary Constituency in Madhya Pradesh. Union Defence Minister Shri Rajnath Singh, local MP and Union Minister Shri Shivraj Singh Chouhan, Chief Minister Dr. Mohan Yadav, and several dignitaries were present at the event, while Railways Minister Shri Ashwini Vaishnaw joined virtually. This modern plant will offer world-class facilities for the design, manufacture,

assembly, and testing of trains such as Vande Bharat and metro coaches, along with defence products.

At the event, Union Minister for Rural Development, and Agriculture & Farmers' Welfare, Shri Shivraj Singh Chouhan, administered a pledge to the large gathering to "adopt Swadeshi (indigenous good)". He said, "From now on, whether it's food, clothing, oil, shampoo, or cosmetics — whatever we buy for our homes will be made in India. If 1.44 billion Indians start adopting Swadeshi, our economy will become stronger. This is what it means to live for the coun-



try." Shri Chouhan reiterated Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi's call for an



"In spite of such efforts, I say with full confidence that no power in the world can stop India from becoming a major world economic power," Singh emphasised.

The Defence Minister was speaking after laying the foundation stone of the ₹1,800 crore rail coach factory of Bharat Earth Movers Limited (BEML) in Umariya village of Raisen district, Madhya Pradesh.

Named BRAHMA (BEML Rail Hub for Manufacturing), the project will be built over more than 60 hectares of

land and is expected to generate direct and indirect employment for over 5,000 people.

Singh described the project as a significant step towards strengthening India's industrial base and defence self-reliance.

The facility will manufacture coaches for India's premium trains, including Vande Bharat, Amrit Bharat, and Metro rail. It will also produce advanced rolling stock for both domestic and export markets, boosting local supply chains in the state's

industrial belt. Singh underlined that initiatives like BRAHMA are vital for building the industrial and technological foundation essential for national security and economic growth.

Praising Madhya Pradesh's development efforts, he said the state would soon be known as "Modern Pradesh."

He added that India seeks not only its own welfare and progress but also that of the entire world, highlighting that the country now exports defence equipment worth over ₹24,000 crore annually.

"India never attacks first, but if anyone attacks us, we will always give a befitting reply," Singh asserted.

## Bihar Congress Alleges Deputy Chief Minister Vijay Sinha Registered As Voter At Two Locations

(Gns). Amidst ongoing debates over alleged voter manipulation and roll revisions, the Bihar Congress has accused Deputy Chief Minister Vijay Sinha of being registered as a voter in two separate locations within the state. This accusation adds to the growing pressure on the Election Commission after Leader of Opposition Rahul Gandhi criticised the poll body for allegedly collaborating with the BJP in "vote theft."

The Bihar Congress shared screenshots on social media, purportedly from the Election Commission's portal, showing Sinha listed as a voter in both Lakhisarai and Bankipur. The screenshots displayed Vijay Kumar Sinha under EPIC number IAF3939337 at Lakhisarai and another entry under

EPIC number AFS0853341 at Bankipur.

The Bihar Congress has accused Deputy Chief Minister Vijay Sinha of being registered as a voter in two different locations, Lakhisarai and Bankipur, based on screenshots from the Election Commission's portal, amid broader allegations of voter manipulation. The Congress questioned Sinha's voting rights and demanded an investigation, raising concerns about the Election Commission's fairness, following criticism from Rahul Gandhi and accusations of vote theft.

The Bihar Congress expressed its concerns through a post on X, stating,

"The biggest fraud turned out to be Deputy Chief Minister Vijay Sinha! Saheb is a voter of two places - Lakhisarai and Bankipur,

Patna. Saheb has also filled the SIR form at both places. His name has also appeared in the draft at both places." The post questioned how this situation occurred and whether Sinha voted in both locations during past elections.

When ETV Bharat verified these EPIC numbers on the Election Commission's website, it confirmed that one Vijay Kumar Sinha was indeed listed as a voter in both locations. The parentage details matched; however, there were discrepancies in age and parentage names



between the two entries.

Questions Raised Over Voting Rights

The Bihar Congress raised critical questions about how such an anomaly could occur. They questioned if Sinha had been granted voting rights in both locations by the Election Commission and why he filled out forms for both places against regulations. They demanded to know when an FIR would be filed regarding this alleged fraud and when a resignation would occur.

The party further accused the Election Commission of granting "double-triple citizenship" to BJP members nationwide. They claimed that multiple votes were being cast under single identities, likening the relationship between the Election Commission

## Political tempers soar as Tejashwi accuses Bihar Dy CM of having dual voter IDs

(Gns). Leader of the Opposition in the Bihar Assembly Tejashwi Prasad Yadav set political temperatures in Bihar soaring on Sunday accusing Deputy Chief Minister Vijay Kumar Sinha of having registered himself as a voter in two Assembly constituencies — one in Lakhisarai in the Munger district under EPIC Number IAF3939337 and the other in Bankipur in the Patna district under EPIC Number AFS0853341.

He said, "It raises questions about the credibility of month-long Special Intensive Revision (SIR) of the electoral roll in Bihar by the Election Commission of India (ECI), especially because a deputy chief minister's name is listed in two constituencies. The ECI must clarify whether

this fraud was committed by Sinha or is the result of irregularities in the SIR process."

What's more, the RJD leader pointed out that Sinha has also manipulated his age. "In the voter list of Lakhisarai Assembly constituency, Sinha's age is mentioned as 57 years, while in the voter list of the Bankipur Assembly constituency, his age is shown as 60 years."

Accusing Sinha of violating the election commission's guidelines, which constitutes a serious offense, he asked why no notice has been issued by the Patna or Lakhisarai district administrations against

Sinha, while in his (Tejashwi's) case a media trial was initiated without verifying facts.

Later, Deputy CM Sinha clarified that his name was initially listed in the Bankipur Assembly constituency voter list along with his family members. On 30 April 2024, he applied to add his name to the Lakhisarai Assembly constituency voter list and simultaneously submitted an online application to remove his name from the Bankipur Assembly constituency voter list.

But when the draft voter list was published, he realised that his name was listed in two places. Thus, on 5 August, he submitted an application to the Booth Level Officer (BLO) to

remove his name from the voter list of the Bankipur Assembly constituency. But he votes only at one place.

However, despite the clarification from Sinha, the issue continued to escalate with Bihar Congress President Rajesh Ram demanding his resignation from the post of deputy chief minister.

r, saying the BJP leader has committed a crime by possessing dual voter IDs.

Bihar Congress Spokesperson Rajesh Rathod asked: "When will the election commission issue notice to Vijay Kumar Sinha?"

Reacting to the issue, Union Minister and NDA leader Chirag Paswan assured media persons that the ECI would investigate the issue and take appropriate action.



देश-दुनिया के नवीनतम समाचार  
प्राप्त करने के लिए आज ही  
गरवी गुजरात हिंदी चैनल देखिये



# Editorial

## Assertive move

In a bold move that marks a decisive shift in India's strategic calculus, the government has revived the long-stalled Sawalkote Hydroelectric Power Project on the Chenab River in Jammu and Kashmir. With a capacity of 1,856 MW, Sawalkote is not just India's largest hydroelectric initiative in the Union Territory ~ it is a clear signal of India's recalibrated water, energy, and security policies following the suspension of the Indus Waters Treaty (IWT) with Pakistan in April 2025.

Originally conceived in the 1960s, the Sawalkote project languished for decades under the constraints of the IWT, which severely limited India's cap – acity to harness the potential of the western rivers ~ Indus, Jhel ~ um, and Chenab ~ allocated to Pakistan for unrestricted use. The Indus Waters Treaty, signed in 1960 under the aegis of the World Bank, was long hailed as a rare example of enduring cooperation between two bitter rivals. However, with Pakistan's continued support for cross border terrorism ~ most recently exemplified by the deadly Pahalgam terror attack in April 2025 that claimed 26 lives ~ India suspended the treaty, citing national security and sovereign rights as paramount. The symbolic and substantive statement that "blood and water will not flow together" encapsulated India's growing impatience with asymmetric obligations under the treaty.

The strategic revival of the Sawalkote project follows this suspension. On 29 July 2025, NHPC Ltd. floated a Rs 200- crore international tender for planning, design, and engineering, with bids open until September 10. The project will feature a 192.5-metre-high roller compacted concrete gravity dam and a run-of-the-river system, generating approximately 8,000 million units of electricity annually. The dam will be constructed near Sidhu village in Ramban district, nestled between Jammu and Srinagar. Nine turbines, an underground power station, and three water tunnels will form the technical core of this complex.

Though originally estimated at Rs 8,000 crore, the current project cost has soared past Rs 22,000 crore, with projections nearing Rs 30,000 crore due to delays and inflation. This project is not an isolated undertaking. In fact, Sawalkote is part of a broader hydro – power renaissance in Jammu and Kashmir. India is pushing ahead with six previously stalled projects ~ including Kirthai I & II, Pakal Dul, Kiru, Ratle, and Parnai ~ which together could contribute over 10,000 MW of electricity to the region's grid.

With more than 10,000 sq. km of snow-fed catchment upstream, particularly in the Chenab basin, these projects promise year round hydropower generation and a stable clean energy future. The implications of this policy shift extend far beyond electricity generation. The move from non-consumptive use to direct strategic utilization of the western rivers challenges the very foundation of the IWT. It signifies India's intent to assert its rights more fully over water resources that originate within its territory but have disproportionately benefited Pakistan.

The Union Government's designation of the Sawalkote project as one of "national importance" in June 2025 has expedited bureaucratic clearances, over ridden earlier environmental objections, and triggered rapid mobilisation for implementation. The timing and symbolism of this transformation are unmistakable. While India's earlier hydro initiatives, like the Baglihar and Salal projects, had already reduced downstream water flows into Pakistan during key cropping seasons, the Sawalkote project, combined with others in the pipeline, represents a cumulative blow to Pakistan's water security.

Flows at the Marala headworks have already witnessed up to 90 per cent reduction during peak periods, severely affecting agricultural productivity, especially for water-intensive crops like paddy and cotton. In response, Pakistan's Prime Minister Shehbaz Sharif has called the IWT suspension an "act of war," urging New Delhi to return to the negotiating table ~ a plea that has thus far found no resonance in India's strategic quarters. India's new position is that the treaty cannot coexist with terrorism. External Affairs Minister S. Jaishankar has made it clear in Parliament that the IWT will remain suspended until Pakistan provides irreversible and verifiable guarantees of ending support for terrorism.

Home Minister Amit Shah has echoed these sentiments, calling the treaty "one-sided" and affirming Indian farmers' right to the waters of Indus and its tributaries. The rhetoric surrounding this shift may sound unyielding, but it resonates with a broader public sentiment and a strategic vision that sees water not merely as a natural resource, but as a geopolitical asset. This integrated strategy, merging energy independence, water security, and national defense, marks a paradigm shift. India is no longer content with symbolic gestures or incremental policy shifts.

By aligning its hydro-infrastructure push with national security goals, it has laid down a red line ~ terrorism will have real costs, and those costs will now include the recalibration of long-standing treaties that no longer serve mutual interests. Environmentally, the Sawalkote project raises challenges. More than a dozen villages in its vicinity will need to be relocated, and there are concerns over biodiversity, river ecology, and seismic vulnerability. Past delays were caused in part by such environmental assessments, political disputes, legal hurdles, and military logistics, as an army transit camp lies in the project area.

These will have to be addressed with sensitivity, particularly given the fragile Himalayan ecosystem. However, with the project being treated as a national priority, these issues are expected to be managed through compensatory measures, rehabilitation schemes, and rapid administrative coordination. The decision to proceed with large-scale hydro development also reflects India's broader ambition to transition to clean energy.

As climate change intensifies and energy demands rise, hydropower offers a dependable, scalable, and renewable alternative to fossil fuels. Moreover, the strategic location of these projects in Jammu and Kashmir serves a dual purpose: generating electricity for the national grid and consolidating India's physical and infrastructural presence in a sensitive border region. Politically, the move has been framed as a course correction from the past.

Prime Minister Modi has openly criticized Jawaharlal Nehru's role in the original treaty, arguing that it was excessively generous to Pakistan. The current administration's actions are thus part of a broader ideological reorientation, where national interest, security, and self-reliance are the cornerstones of foreign and domestic policy alike.

(Gns). It is a normal expectation from humans that their behaviour and actions will be driven by actual needs. Any persistent divergence must be perceived as irrational behavior. This would be truer still in the context of any person or group of persons confronted with life-threatening problems. They face stark choices. Any divergence from what needs to be done in their case would be characterized as not just irrational behavior, but more appropriately as suicidal behavior.

The story of recent times is that our world has been moving towards suicidal behaviour. Year after year, decade after decade in recent times, human actions and priorities have diverged widely from what needs to be done to resolve the survival and existential crisis which threatens humanity and all other forms of life on our planet due to human-made factors. This crisis has arisen due to a combination of factors of

(Gns). The flash floods that ravaged Dharali in Uttarkashi are a grim reminder that India's most fragile landscapes remain dangerously under-watched. Despite decades of warning signs, the Himalayan region continues to lack the basic infrastructure needed to anticipate, let alone avert, such disasters. The fact that meteorologists cannot even conclusively identify whether a cloudburst or a glacial lake outburst triggered the destruction is not a reflection of nature's unpredictability, it is a damning indictment of the country's data deficit.

The confusion surrounding the cause stems from the absence of real-

time weather monitoring in the upper reaches of Uttarkashi. Dharali, perched at 8,000 feet, had no local station capable of detecting or measuring the rainfall intensity that preceded the disaster. The nearest weather instruments are kilometres away, making it impossible to capture hyper-local cloud activity, especially in mountainous terrain where rainfall distribution is notoriously erratic. In regions where a kilometre can mean the difference between a dry slope and a flash flood, such gaps are more than technical ~ they are life-threatening. Each unmonitored valley is a blind spot in our national preparedness, where nature's fury can strike

pointed to the very serious risks related to even accidental use of such weapons, accidents related to them, or misunderstandings in times of brinkman-



ship. At the same time, research on even more dangerous weapons is continuing. Accidents associated with such research can also prove extremely destructive, as some warnings and reports have already stated.

If actual deed is to match real need, humanity and its leaders would leave aside everything else to

devote themselves to significantly reducing and finally eliminating such serious threats. However, the reality is that despite adequate realization, humanity

and its leaders have been deeply involved in a much narrower framework of planning and actions that increase, and not decrease, the vast gulf between need and deed. This is suicidal. What humanity truly needs today is a world without wars but instead we have endless wars and the number of conflicts is increasing to record levels.

## Warning Too Late



without a moment's notice. Some experts have speculated that a glacial lake outburst might have occurred upstream, triggered by intense rainfall. But satellite assessments later ruled this out. The floodwaters, carrying debris, mud, and uprooted trees, appear to have been the result of

localised extreme rain ~ perhaps not fitting the narrow definition of a "cloudburst," but just as catastrophic in consequence. At the heart of the matter is India's failure to scale up its early warning systems in one of the most climatevulnerable regions on the planet. Despite previous disasters and gov-

ernment assurances, Doppler Weather Radars (DWRs) remain few and far between in Uttarakhand. None cover the Dharali zone. While DWRs have limited efficacy in hilly terrains due to signal blockage, they are still far superior to the absence of any monitoring. Complementary tools such as Automatic Weather Stations (AWS), remote sensing, and now-casting models using microphysical cloud data could significantly bolster early detection but they have not yet been deployed at scale.

In the absence of hard infrastructure, India must also look to soft solutions: collaborations with global satellite agencies, crowd-

public opinion and discourse have a life-saving responsibility on their shoulders.

A significant beginning can be made by declaring the decade of 2026-36 as the Decade for Saving Earth, with overarching protective policies receiving the highest priority. This decade should also see the biggest ever mobilization of all forces of peace and protection of the environment, working within a framework of justice and democracy, as well as growing unity among them. A special effort should be made to involve youth and women, and their organizations in this effort. Schools and colleges must see a range of very creative and beautiful activities linked to peace and protection of the environment. Secular as well as spiritual organizations must be involved and encouraged to work together for the cause of peace, disarmament and protection of the environment.

sourced weather reporting, and even localised community alert systems that can bridge the time gap between data and disaster. It's clear that natural terrain is no longer a sufficient excuse for technological lag. The Himalayas are both India's environmental backbone and its most acute risk zone. As monsoon patterns grow more erratic and glacial dynamics increasingly unpredictable, waiting for disasters to validate the need for preparedness is no longer tenable. Dharali's destruction should serve not as a tragic anomaly, but as a last warning. The next one may come sooner than we think and we may have even less time to respond.

## Demographic data gap

(Gns). The notification for Census 2027 was finally issued by the Government on 16 June 2025. This represents a delay of more than six years as the notice for Census 2021 was issued on 26 March 2019. That notification has now been cancelled, and the government has named the present census "Census 2027."

This also indicates that the government has finally admitted that the nation has broken its chain of 150 years' history of uninterrupted census-taking. Now the government will have to decide whether it will continue the previous tradition of taking a census in the first year of each decade, or a tenyear interval from the present census, to take the next one in 2037. Section 3 of the Census Act 1948 provides the government with the power to notify its decision to take a census and its time. The best course of action in this context will be to continue the present convention of taking census at the beginning of each decade, as this will require only minor readjustment of the data.

The notification dated 16 June has not given any further information regarding the much-talked-about proposal of updating the National Population Registrars (NPR). The NPRs are prepared and updated under the provisions of the Citizenship (Registration of Citizens and Issue of National Identity Cards) Rules, framed under the Citizenship Act 1955. Under Rule 3 (4) of these rules, the Union Government is to issue an order stating the dates for preparation of NPRs. Similarly, rule 4 of these

rules empowers the Central government to carry out house-tohouse enumeration for the collection of specified particulars from the persons, including their citizenship status.

Thus, it is for the Central government to issue a notification much prior to the beginning of house-tohouse enumeration for census 2027. It may be noted that NPR was first prepared in the year 2010, and thereafter these were last updated in the year 2015. Another notable absence visible in the context of the "Census 2027" notification is the information about the government's decision to headcount the caste population. The caste populace was enthusiastic about the announcement made by the government on 30 April 2025. But thereafter, nothing came out. The government issued the notification under Section 3 of the Census of India Act 1948. The provision is that the government must announce publicly their decision to go for a census. Nowhere in the Act of 1948 has the word 'census' been defined. So, the provision of Section 3 is very broad, and the Union Government could have elaborated on their decision to take a census along with their intention to capture caste data.

But government avoided this perhaps thinking it to be too early. In this context, the government has to decide first about the modalities to be adopted for capturing caste data. At present, there are two lists of caste groups/communities, viz., 1) the Central list showing State-wise caste groups containing a total of 2,633 caste groups and 2) the list of each State. The present State lists together

contain names of more caste groups than the existing Central list. In view of this, the Central Government would have limited scope to choose the Central list for the present census, because this would mean leaving out some of the caste groups/communities from enumeration that are already on the list and getting the admissible benefits from States.

This would open up a wide scope for litigation, defeating the purpose of conducting a census. On the other hand, accepting the State list for the census would mean more State compliance in the census process, especially concerning the caste groups/communities which are not in the Central list. The government, although it has not come up with any information about the caste census, will soon have to comply with the provisions of Section 8(1) of the 1948 Act read with Rule 5(1) (c), when they will be required to notify the census schedules for public information. These schedules must also comprise the schedule prepared for capturing data of caste population. The basic purpose of enumeration of backward castes such as Scheduled castes and Scheduled Tribes, and OBCs, is to bring them up from the level of backwardness.

For this, the Constitution has provided various benefits and concessions to the communities belonging to SC, ST, and OBCs, including reservations in government jobs and reserved seats in government educational institutions, etc. So far, the quota system in

both jobs and educational institutions is working effectively. Fixation of the size of the quota for job reservation, etc., for SC and ST communities is a matter that falls within the purview of the States. Almost every State in India has its legislation dealing with the size of the reservation quota for SC & ST populations. This is mainly done depending on the size of their population. In most cases, these State enactments were made during the 1970s and 80s, and therefore the size of the quotas is proportionate to the populations of the SCs and STs as recorded in the censuses of 1971 and 1981.

For example, in Andhra Pradesh the strength of the SC and ST populations was 16.41 per cent and 7.0 per cent, respectively, as per the 2011 census. Against this, the quota for SC and ST was fixed at 16.0 and 7 per cent, respectively, of the total vacant jobs. Similarly, the proportions of SC and ST populations in Gujarat were 6.74 per cent and 14.75 per cent, respectively. As against this, the job reservation quota was fixed at 7.0 and 15 per cent, respectively. Likewise in Karnataka, as against 17.15 per cent SC and 6.95 per cent ST populations, quotas were 16.0 and 7 per cent, respectively. This makes it amply clear that the exercise of fixation of quotas for reservation of jobs, etc., for scheduled castes and scheduled tribes was not much of a difficulty, as the population for both the categories is enumerated in successive censuses.

Quotas were fixed, keeping some room for accommodating future increments in the populations of both categories. At the time of the launch of the reservation policy, the concept of other backward classes was not in place, and therefore job reservation for them as a group was also not on the agenda. The demands for job reservation came up strongly only after the submission of the reports of the Mandal Commission on 31 December 1980. The commission in its report recommended, inter alia, 27 per cent reservation for jobs under Central government for the members of OBCs.

The recommendations of the report, however, were not implemented till 1990, the year in which the VP Singh-led government decided to implement the recommendations and accordingly made an announcement in Parliament. Immediately after the announcement, the Government issued an office memorandum declaring 27 per cent reservation of jobs for the people belonging to OBCs. However, this was challenged in the Supreme Court by a senior advocate, Indra Sawhney. A nine-judge Constitution bench had taken up the case of Indra Sawhney vs. Union of India.

The judgment was pronounced on 16 November 1992, which elaborately explains the constitutional provisions inherent under Articles 14, 15, and 16. It opened up a new vista in the matter of reservation of jobs for backward classes in India. Of the several critical aspects that were covered in the judgment, one important one was the fixation of the ceiling limit for

reservation at 50 per cent. Now the real issues concerning the other backward classes will emerge once the census data pertaining to the caste are available.

The government has already made adequate publicity about the electronic mode of data collection in this census. This will help in processing the data quickly and thus it can be expected to be available for the public online soon. In this context, one thing that is very sure is that the census will record more caste population than what is expected and that will undoubtedly exceed the present limit of 27 per cent. The Mandal Commission recorded 3,743 caste groups comprising 52 per cent of India's population, and the Supreme Court subsequently ordered that the Government move to reserve 27 per cent reservation in government for OBCs, but it should be in exclusion of the creamy layer, i.e., the socially advanced section among them.

The NSSO 55th Round (1999-2000) estimated the proportion of OBC population in the total population of India at 35.8 per cent. This estimate was revised upward during their 61st Round (2004-05) to 41 per cent, and in their 68th Round (2011- 12), the estimate was further revised upward to 43.1 per cent. Although these estimates are based on tiny samples, at present this is the only baseline data available to us. If we go by the rising trend as presented by these estimates, the coming census can be expected to record a population of the size of not less than 47 per cent of the nation's total population.



## Netanyahu Lists 5 Principles To End Gaza War, Slams ‘Global Campaign Of Lies

(Gns). Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu emphasised on Sunday that Israel's mission in Gaza is to liberate it from Hamas, not to occupy it long-term. He spoke to the media before an emergency UN Security Council meeting. "Gazans are begging us and begging the world to be freed from Hamas," Netanyahu stated, labelling the group as a "genocidal organisation" focused on Israel's destruction.

Netanyahu outlined that the war could end if Hamas released all hostages and laid down its arms. He accused the group of still having "thousands of armed terrorists" in Gaza and said Israel's military plans are aimed at dismantling this threat.



Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu stated Israel's mission in Gaza is to liberate it from Hamas, not to occupy it long-term, and outlined his vision for postwar Gaza which includes demilitarization and Israel maintaining security control; he also addressed accusations of intentionally starving Gaza's population.

The Israeli leader detailed his vision for post-war Gaza, which includes demilitarisation and Israel maintaining security control. A buffer zone will be established along the border to prevent future attacks. Gaza will have a civilian administration dedicated to peaceful coexistence with Israel. "That's our plan for the day after Hamas," he

explained. Netanyahu also addressed accusations regarding Israel's actions in Gaza City, criticising what he called a "global campaign of lies." He denied claims that Israel is deliberately starving Gaza's population, calling them "baseless." According to him, if there were a starvation policy, no one would have survived two years of conflict. Principles for Ending Conflict

The prime minister laid out five principles for concluding the war: disarming Hamas, returning all hostages, demilitarising the Gaza Strip, ensuring Israel has overriding security control, and establishing an alternative civil administration not linked to Hamas or the Palestinian Authority. "That's our plan,"

## Indian Army Chief General Upendra Dwivedi Discusses Narrative Management And Operations Against Terrorism

(Gns). General Upendra Dwivedi, the Army chief, emphasised that victory is a mental state. He explained how Pakistan's narrative management during Operation Sindoor convinced its citizens of their triumph in the recent conflict. "Narrative management system is something which we realise in a big way because victory is in mind. It's always in mind," he stated at IIT Madras.

The Indian forces effectively countered Pakistan's strategy by leveraging social media and other platforms to communicate their message widely. "Strategic messaging was very important, and that's why the first messaging that we did was, justice done," General Dwivedi noted. This message resonated globally,

receiving significant attention. General Upendra Dwivedi, the Army chief, discussed narrative management's role in conflict, highlighting India's response to the Pahalgam massacre through Operation Sindoor, which involved strikes against terror sites in Pakistan and Pakistan-Occupied Kashmir following the attack on April 22, and Operation Mahadev, resulting in the neutralization of terrorists.

Switch To Shorts

Indian Army Chief General Upendra Dwivedi

Indian Army Chief General Upendra Dwivedi



Operation Sindoor: A Strategic Response

Operation Sindoor was India's decisive response to the Pahalgam massacre, a horrific terror attack. On April 22, terrorists linked to Pakistan attacked tourists in Jammu and Kashmir's Pahalgam, killing 26 people. The nation was engulfed in grief and anger following this tragedy.

In retaliation, Indian forces targeted nine terror sites within Pakistan and Pakistan-Occupied Kashmir. On May 7, aerial strikes were launched early morning, resulting in the elimination of over 100 terrorists at these camps. This operation demonstrated India's resolve against terrorism.

Narrative Management: A Key Strategy

General Dwivedi highlighted the importance of narrative management in influencing perceptions among domestic and adversary populations. He mentioned that if asked about their victory or loss, a Pakistani might say they won because their chief became a field marshal. This illustrates how narratives shape public perception.

The Indian Army also focused on strategic messaging through press conferences held by two women officers from the Indian Army and Air Force. The COAS pointed out that a Lieutenant Colonel and an NCO created a logo seen worldwide as part of these efforts.

## Aamir Khan And His Family Breaks Silence On Faissal Khan’s Comments, Calls Them ‘Hurtful And Misleading’

(Gns). Aamir Khan and his family have expressed deep distress over recent remarks made by his brother, Faissal Khan, claiming that his statements about their mother and family dynamics were both hurtful and misleading. In a recent interview, Faissal alleged years of mistreatment by Aamir and other family members.

Family's Official Statement

"We are distressed by Faissal's hurtful and misleading portrayal of his mother Zeenat Tahir Husain, his sister Nikhat Hegde, and his brother Aamir. As this is not the first time he has misrepresented these events, we feel it necessary to clarify our intentions and reaffirm our solidarity as a family.

Aamir Khan and his family responded to brother

Faissal Khan's recent remarks alleging mistreatment and misrepresentation of family dynamics, stating that Faissal's claims were hurtful and misleading; the family emphasized decisions regarding Faissal's well-being were collective and made with professional consultation.

It is important to share that every decision regarding Faissal has been taken collectively as a family, in consultation with multiple medical professionals, and always with love, compassion, and a desire to support his emotional and psychological well-being. For this reason, we have refrained from publicly discussing the details of a painful and difficult period

for our family. We request the media for empathy, and to avoid turning a private matter into salacious, inflammatory, family claimed he had schizophrenia and described him as "mad" and "a danger to society." He further claimed that years ago, Aamir confined him to his Mumbai home for over a year.

"They were saying I've got schizophrenia and that I'm a mad person. I can harm society. I was thinking, how do I escape from this chakravayuh (trap)? I was stuck in it because my entire family was against me, thinking I was crazy," Faissal said.

He claimed he was denied contact with his father, who he believed could help him. "I didn't have his number. Aamir had locked me inside the house for a year. They took away my phone. I couldn't go outside. There was a bodyguard outside my room, and they were giving me medicines," he alleged.



## Globally acclaimed ophthalmologist Dr Harminder Singh Dua visits Army Hospital (R&R), New Delhi

(Gns). Eminent figure in the global ophthalmic fraternity, Dr Harminder Singh Dua visited Army Hospital (Research & Referral), New Delhi on August 02, 2025. He is presently the Professor of Ophthalmology at the University of Nottingham, UK, and is celebrated worldwide for his groundbreaking contributions to corneal science, including the discovery of Dua's Layer of cornea.

During his visit to the Department of Ophthalmology, Dr Dua expressed appreciation for the cutting-edge infrastructure, state-of-the-art equipment, clean & immaculate environment and the disciplined yet compassionate

work culture at the hospital. "The facilities and standards at Army Hospital (R&R) match, and in some aspects even surpass, some of the best centres globally," he said.

Prof Dua delivered a lecture on 'Steering the Ship: From Studentship to Leadership' to a diverse audience comprising senior faculty, postgraduate students, and healthcare professionals. His address explored the nuanced evolution from academic pursuit to visionary leadership, with insights drawn from his illustrious journey in medicine.



Dr Dua was impressed by the upcoming Advanced Centre for Ophthalmic Visual Sciences, Joint Replacement Centre and Oncology Centre at AHRR. These centres are visionary projects being implemented under the guidance of Raksha Mantri Shri Rajnath Singh, who has been a driving force in equipping the Armed Forces and making them future-ready. Chief of the Army Staff General Upendra Dwivedi has been instrumental in driving these initiatives.

Prof Dua described the Armed Forces Medical Services and its healthcare system spearheaded by DG Surgeon Vice Admiral Arti Sarin as a unique model of excellence, underpinned by integrity, service, innovation and clinical acumen.

Dr Dua has been a beacon of clinical excellence, academic mentorship, and surgical innovation for decades. His work has transformed the landscape of modern ophthalmology, and he continues to inspire generations of clinicians and researchers across the world. He was felicitated by the Commandant Army Hospital (R&R) Lt Gen Shankar Narayan during the visit.

## Jammu & Kashmir: Security Forces Corner Terrorists in Kishtwar’s Dul Area

(Gns). An encounter between security forces and terrorists took place in the Dul area of Kishtwar district, Jammu and Kashmir on Sunday. Initial reports indicate that two terrorists have been cornered by the security personnel.

The operation was initiated by the security forces in the hilly region of Dul after receiving precise intelligence about the terrorists' presence. Upon spotting the search teams, the terrorists, believed to be two, began shooting, resulting in an exchange of gunfire.

On August 10, 2025, security forces engaged in an operation against terrorists in the Dul area of Kishtwar district, Jammu and Kashmir, following

The White Knight Corps of the Indian Army shared on X: "Alert Indian



intelligence reports. The White Knight Corps of the Indian Army reported the exchange of gunfire with suspected terrorists, and the operation is ongoing.

hours of 10 Aug 2025. Gunfire exchanged. Operation under progress."

This joint operation underscores the ongoing efforts by security forces to combat terrorism in Jammu and Kashmir. The strategic response aims to neutralise threats and ensure safety for residents in these sensitive areas.

The situation remains tense as authorities continue their efforts to apprehend or neutralise the militants involved. The operation is still active, with security forces maintaining a strong presence in the area to prevent any escape attempts by the trapped terrorists.

## Maharashtra Woman Dies in Ambulance Stuck in NH-48 Traffic Jam

(Gns). A 49-year-old woman from Palghar, Maharashtra, tragically lost her life due to a traffic jam while being transported to a Mumbai hospital after sustaining severe injuries. Chhaya Purav's death has highlighted the inadequate healthcare facilities in Palghar and the traffic issues on NH-48, which connects the district to Mumbai.

On July 31, a tree branch fell on Ms Purav near her home in Madhukar Nagar, causing critical injuries to her ribs, shoulders, and head. Due to the absence of a trauma centre in Palghar, she was referred to Hinduja Hospital in Mumbai. The journey of approximately 100 km typically takes around two and a half hours.

Chhaya Purav, a 49-year-old woman from Palghar, Maharashtra, died due to a traffic jam on NH-

48 while being transported to a Mumbai hospital after a tree branch injury on July

began wearing off, causing Ms Purav immense pain. As her condition deteriorated further, the ambulance diverted to Orbit Hospital on Mira Road around 7 pm for urgent medical attention. This hospital is about 30 km away from their intended destination. Unfortunately, upon arrival, doctors declared Ms Purav dead.

Kaushik Purav recounted his wife's suffering during those agonising hours. "I saw her suffering in



31, highlighting inadequate healthcare facilities and traffic issues in the region.

The ambulance carrying Ms Purav began its journey at around 3 pm with her husband accompanying her. However, they encountered a massive traffic jam on NH-48. After more than three hours on the road, they had only covered half the distance. The anaesthesia administered earlier

informed him that reaching just 30 minutes earlier might have saved her life.

This incident underscores the urgent need for improved healthcare infrastructure in Palghar and better management of traffic conditions on NH-48. Addressing these issues could prevent similar tragedies in the future and ensure timely medical care for those in need.

unbearable pain for four hours," he said. He explained that despite their efforts to reach the hospital quickly, the traffic jam thwarted their attempts. "The road was full of potholes and that put her in so much pain," he added.

He also mentioned that vehicles driving from the wrong side exacerbated the traffic situation. "She begged to take her to a hospital at the earliest," Kaushik shared with NDTV. The doctors

## Indigo Ordered To Pay ₹1.5 Lakh For Dirty Seat Complaint

(Gns). The New Delhi District Consumer Disputes Redressal Commission has held Indigo Airlines responsible for giving a passenger, Pinki, an unhygienic and stained seat during an international flight. The airline must now pay her ₹1.5 lakh as compensation for mental distress and discomfort, plus ₹25,000 towards legal costs.

The case stems from Pinki's January 2 journey from Baku to New Delhi. She alleged that the seat assigned to her was dirty and stained, and that her complaint was met with an insensitive response from the cabin crew.

The New Delhi District Consumer Disputes Redressal Commission has ordered Indigo Airlines to

pay Pinki ₹1.5 lakh and ₹25,000 for mental distress and legal costs, respectively, due to an unhygienic seat on a flight from Baku to New Delhi in January, with the airline's defense

that this did not excuse the poor service. "We hold that the opposite party was guilty of deficiency in service," the order stated.

A major blow to Indigo's defence was its failure to



weakened by the absence of the Situation Data Display (SDD) report-a standard aviation record used to log flight and passenger issues. The commission pointed out that this document was neither mentioned in the airline's

produce the Situation Data Display (SDD) report-a standard aviation record used to log flight and passenger issues. The commission pointed out that this document was neither mentioned in the airline's

## Khelo India ASMITA is an affirmative action in sports for increasing women’s participation – MoS Youth Affairs & Sports, Raksha Khadse

(Gns). In a significant push to increase women's participation in sports, the Khelo India ASMITA Football League 2025-26 was inaugurated by Smt. Raksha Nikhil Khadse, Minister of State, Youth Affairs and Sports, at the Godavari Engineering College Ground in Jalgaon, Maharashtra. The league, a powerful initiative embodying the principle of affirmative action, aims to unearth and nurture young female talent from diverse communities across the region.

The day-long event, which officially commenced with an opening ceremony, brought together aspiring footballers aged 13 and under. Smt. Raksha Khadse, while addressing the gathering, stated that this is the stage "where passion turns into performance," as the league seeks

to unleash the "untapped talent" brimming within women's sports. The competition is designed to provide a platform for everyone "from first-time players to hidden champions."

She also underscored

she added, is a clear articulation of the government's philosophy of 'Sabka Saath, Sabka Vikas.'

The Khelo India ASMITA league is a core component of the 'Khelo Bharat Niti,' promoting sports for nation-



the league's broader mission. "This league isn't just about sports; it's about breaking barriers," she stated. "It is a powerful step towards affirmative action, bringing aspiring women players, including those from tribal and minority communities, right into the spotlight." The initiative,

building and women's empowerment. The league is a dedicated platform for young girls, addressing historical imbalances and creating new opportunities. This initiative is changing the narrative around women in sports, helping them challenge stereotypes and become new role models.

els. The league's focus on grassroots talent aligns with Prime Minister Narendra Modi's vision, aiming to make India a global sporting powerhouse where women play a central role and find their identity through sports.

The inauguration was held in the presence of dignitaries including Ketakitai Patil and Farukh Shaikh, the Secretary of the Jalgaon District Football Association. Distinguished members of the college administration also participated, highlighting the broad-based institutional support. The event was held under the guidance of the Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports, with support from the Sports Authority of India (SAI), the All India Football Federation (AIFF), and the Western India Football Association (WIFA).



# 2,010 Agniveers, including 309 women, pass out from INS Chilka

(Gns). Altogether 2,010 Agniveers, including 309 women Agniveers of the Indian Navy and 276 Naviks of the Indian Coast Guard, passed out as part of the sixth batch of Agniveers from the portals of INS Chilka.

The post-sunset Passing Out Parade (POP) was reviewed by Vice Admiral Rajesh Pendharkar, Flag Officer Commanding-in-Chief, Eastern Naval Command. Commodore B Deepak Aneel, Commanding Officer INS Chilka, was the Conducting Officer of the POP.

Addressing the parade, FOC-in-C East congratulated the trainees and exhorted them to uphold the Navy's core values of duty, honour, courage, and remain focused on the sub-

respectively. Tatduri Akhila was recognised as the Best Woman Agniveer in overall

Runners Up Trophy to the Ashok Division. The Chief Guest also felicitated the high-achieving veterans and eminent sports personalities, and unveiled the 01/25 edition of 'Ankur', the bilingual magazine of INS Chilka for trainees.

A statement from the naval spokesperson said the POP marked the successful completion of ab-initio training. It also signified the beginning of a new chapter in their lives in the Indian Navy. Embodying the Navy's inclusive ethos, the event highlighted the spirit of unity and discipline in shaping a credible, cohesive, and combat-ready force, prepared to meet future challenges.

order of merit and was awarded the Gen Bipin Rawat Rolling Trophy. Vishal Dhiman received the best Navik award.

At the valedictory Function earlier, FOC-in-C East presented the Overall Championship Trophy to the Shivaji Division and the



sequent phases of professional training.

During the event, meritorious Agniveers were awarded medals and trophies. Lalit Karki and Vikash Singh received the Chief of Naval Staff Rolling Trophy and Gold Medal for Best Agniveer SSR and MR,

# LDF govt comes under fire from CPI at party's Kottayam district conference

(Gns). CPI leadership and Chief Minister Pinarayi Vijayan faced severe criticism at the party's ongoing Kottayam district conference being held in Vaikom.

During a discussion on the 106-page report presented by District Secretary Adv. V B Binu, the delegates participating in the conference came down heavily on the party leadership for not being able to stand firm on its positions and for allegedly lacking a dynamic leadership. They contended that neither

Pinarayi Vijayan nor the CPI-M gives due consideration to the party's position.

The delegates said the party's state leadership is so weak that no one questions the policies of the CPI-M.

Some of the delegates came out against the functioning of the chief minister, stating that he (the chief minister) is behaving like a dictator and does not take even a single minister in the cabinet into confidence while taking decisions. Others called the party's Lok Sabha debacle in the state a reflection of the people's ire. However, they said, the government doesn't seem to be in a mood to go for a course correction.

Criticizing the CPI ministers in the cabinet, the delegates said all four departments run by party ministers are a failure. The



# District Magistrate inspected village Nagla Akos of Tehsil Mahavan and Keshi Ghat of Vrindavan

Mathura. District Magistrate Chandra Prakash Singh inspected the water level of Yamuna in village Nagla Akos under Tehsil Mahavan. He observed the road cutting / road cutting from the stream of Yamuna ji. He held talks with the villagers and assured that the said route/road will be operated quickly. He requested the villagers not to go to the area around Yamuna. The District Magistrate directed Deputy District Magistrate Mahavan Kanchan Gupta that the duty of accountant and village secretary should be imposed. In the said area, the police continued to patrol and take special care of the facilities of all.

The District Magistrate directed the Executive Engineer to take necessary action to operate the said route. Whatever disassembled arrangement should be ensured soon. The District Magistrate instructed the village head, secretary, accountant and Tehsildar to ensure quality of waterlogging and water

affected crops. In view of rain, shift the families of damaged houses to safe

Akos, District Magistrate Chandra Prakash Singh inspected the Keshi Ghat

informed that 33 flood posts have been set up in the district and flood refugee sites have been built at 25 places. Lower areas/areas are being monitored regularly. The District Magistrate said that 25 flood refugees (rescue centers) in the district have been opened in various Dharamshalas and schools, which have basic facilities like eating, drinking, toilets, medical kits etc. Mahavan Inspection District Magistrate Chandra Prakash Singh, Additional District Magistrate Finance and Revenue Pankaj Kumar Verma, Deputy District Magistrate Mahavan Kanchan Gupta, District Magistrate Mahavan Sanjeev Kumar Rai and villagers were present. Additional District Magistrate Finance and Revenue Pankaj Kumar Verma, SP City Rajiv Kumar, Deputy District Magistrate Sadar/ Joint Magistrate Abhinav J Jain and other officials were present at the Keshi Ghat inspection of Vrindavan.

of Vrindavan and took stock of the water level of Yamuna ji. He said that all the boats have been closed. Continuous announcement is being made around the ghats not to go to Yamuna ji. He informed that all areas are being reviewed by the administration. The District Magistrate said that from 8 am, the water level of Yamuna ji is continuously declining and water will decrease further in the next 24 hours. The District Magistrate



District Magistrate Chandra Prakash Singh inspects the water level and instructing the subordinates

# Dr Ammar Nagrami Honoured at National Seminar by Uttar Pradesh Urdu Academy

LUCKNOW, UTTAR PRADESH— In a significant recognition of his dedicated social service and scholarly contributions, Dr. Ammar Nagrami, General Secretary of the All India Muslim Intellectual Society, was bestowed with a prestigious award on Saturday during the National Seminar on "Jashn-e-Azaadi aur Urdu Zuban" (Celebration of Freedom and the Urdu Language).

The distinguished honour was presented by Hon'ble Justice Syed Qamar Hasan Rizvi, Judge of the Allahabad High Court, Lucknow Bench, alongside Prof. Abbas Ali Mahdi, Vice-Chancellor of Era University. They commended Dr. Nagrami for his "tireless efforts towards the betterment of society," highlighting his long-standing commitment to intellectual discourse and community welfare.

The seminar, a vibrant confluence of scholars, intellectuals, and language enthusiasts, was successfully convened at the Hindi



Sansthan in Hazratganj. It was spearheaded by the Masodiya Nawaz Society in collaboration with the Uttar Pradesh Urdu Academy, focusing on the rich legacy of Urdu and its intrinsic connection to India's freedom narrative.

Upon receiving the award, Dr. Nagrami expressed profound gratitude. He specifically extended his heartfelt appreciation to Dr. Masihuddin Khan and Mr. Asrar Ahmad, acknowledging their "tireless dedication and pivotal role" in orchestrating the national seminar, which was hailed as a resounding success by attendees for its insightful deliberations and celebration of Urdu's cultural significance.

# Kerala Students Union files 'missing person' complaint against Thrissur MP Suresh Gopi

The Kerala Students Union (KSU), the student wing of the Congress, has filed a police complaint against Union Minister and Thrissur MP Suresh Gopi, alleging that he has been "missing" from his constituency.

In his complaint lodged with the Thrissur East Police, KSU district president Gokul Guruvayur alleged that the minister has not been seen in his constituency since the arrest of two Malayali nuns in Chhattisgarh.

He has urged the police to locate the minister's current whereabouts and find out "who is behind his disappearance."

The KSU leader claimed that even authorities could not reach Suresh Gopi while seeking to invite him to inaugurate a major central government project under the Thrissur Corporation.

"He is inaccessible not just to ordinary people, but also to those in responsible positions," Gokul said in his complaint sent via email. The KSU has also announced plans to launch a campaign against Suresh Gopi.



He has urged the police to locate the minister's current whereabouts and find out "who is behind his disappearance."

# UP Assembly: IIT Kanpur experts give AI training to UP MLAs

(Gns). A brief training session was organized in the Uttar Pradesh Assembly on Sunday to train MLAs about Artificial Intelligence (AI). Experts from IIT Kanpur gave detailed information during the workshop.

During this workshop, the MLAs were given special information to try smart tools that help in legal research, document verification and study of policies.

The use of AI will also help MLAs to use AI in making laws, creating new bills, detecting legal problems and comparing proposed laws with similar laws of other states and about two hours in which experts shared information.

Apart from identifying the members at the entrance and recording their attendance, AI will also help the members find suitable reference material for their speech in the House.

Assembly Speaker Satish Mahana informed that the backup of the proceedings of the House will also be linked to the AI backup and this will help the members find excerpts on any issue from their speech or proceedings. Members will also be able to see important debates taking place in the House.



The experts were called to train the MLAs in AI. The training session lasted for about two hours in which experts shared information.

# Zipan gave happiness to farmers upset due to submerged crop problem

District Panchayat President will get drainage done by installing pump sets at his personal expenses

Even a bigha land will not be deprived of wheat Bibai, this is my responsibility: Kishan Chaudhary

Mathura. District Panchayat President Kishan Chaudhary has always been friendly to farmers. Today, Nagla Shera Sabla Gulal Biru of Gram Panchayat Bachgaon has provided happiness by solving the

KM Residency Office at Govardhan Chauraha. So that we will be ruined. He demanded a drainage of water. The District Panchayat President immediately instructed the subordinates to start water drainage work by putting up a pump set at his personal expense. Hearing this, the faces of all the villagers blossomed. He said that it is my responsibility that even a bigha land in the entire Khutel strip will not remain from wheat Bibai



Farmers informing the District Panchayat President about the problem

# Union Minister Dr Jitendra Singh travels on Katra-Amritsar Vande Bharat flagged off by PM Modi

Union Minister Dr Jitendra Singh on Sunday travelled from Katra to Udhampur aboard the Katra—Amritsar Vande Bharat Express, which was virtually flagged off by Prime Minister Narendra Modi earlier in the day.

Deputy Chief Minister Surinder Choudhary, MP Jugal Kishore, and Chief Secretary Atal Dulloo were among those present at the inaugural run ceremony in Katra.

Responding to the introduction of the new train, Dr Jitendra Singh wrote on X: "Thank you PM Sh @narendramodi Ji for gifting fourth #VandeBharat Express to Shri Mata Vaishno Devi #Katra... this one connected with another holy town of Amritsar....thus making Katra one of the best-connected rail destinations in India. A great boon for pilgrims, tourists, businessmen and regular commuters!"

Lieutenant Governor Manoj Sinha expressed gratitude to Prime Minister Narendra Modi for dedicating the Vande Bharat train between Amritsar and Shri Mata Vaishno Devi Katra Station.

"The new Vande Bharat train will make travel easier for devotees of Shri Mata Vaishno Devi and boost the local economy's growth momentum," the Lieutenant Governor said.

The Lieutenant Governor observed that J&K's transport infrastructure, particularly in railways, has witnessed unprecedented growth under the Prime Minister's leadership.

He said the first freight train that reached Anantnag from Punjab on 9 August has marked a significant milestone in the transport infrastructure and trade of the Kashmir Valley.

The Lieutenant Governor posted on X: "Grateful to Hon'ble PM Shri Narendra Modi Ji for flagging off Vande Bharat Train between Amritsar to Shri Mata Vaishno Devi Katra Station. J&K's transport infrastructure, particularly in railways, has witnessed unprecedented growth under the leadership of Hon'ble PM."

"The new Vande Bharat train will make travel easier for devotees of Mata Vaishno Devi and boost the local economy's growth momentum. On Friday, the first freight train arrived in Anantnag from Punjab, marking a significant milestone in the Kashmir Valley's transport infrastructure and trade."

The 26406 Shri Mata Vaishno Devi Katra-Amritsar Vande Bharat Express train will depart from Katra at 06:40 am and reach Amritsar at 12:20 pm the same day.



# Medical education programme focuses on male sexual dysfunction, infertility

(Gns). SUM Ultimate Medicare (SUMUM), a private healthcare facility in Bhubaneswar, on Sunday, successfully organized a Continuing Medical Education (CME) program – AndroXcell 2025 – focusing on Male Sexual Dysfunction and Male Infertility.

The one-day workshop aimed to place the latest advancements, clinical insights and best practices in andrology before healthcare professionals across Odisha.

The event was graced by Dr. Vijay Oza, President of National Medical Commission, Delhi, who was the Chief Guest. The other distinguished resource persons included Prof. (Dr.) Datteswar Hota, Professor, Urology, IMS and SUM Hospital and Workshop Co-coordinator and Dr. Pranab Pattnaik, Senior Consultant, Urology, SUMUM and Workshop Co-coordinator.

The CME featured eminent faculties from across the nation who engaged delegates in enriching educational sessions. Notable speakers included Dr. Deepak Gupte, Dr. Prashant Pattnaik and Dr. Priyank Kothari from Mumbai; Dr. Priyaranjan Nandy and Dr. Nilanjan Mitra from Kolkata; Dr. Vineet Malhotra from Delhi, Dr. Karthikeyan VS from Chennai.



Senior Urologist, Andrologist and Transplant Surgeon and the Scientific Program Chairman of AndroXcell 2025; Brig (Dr.) Biraj Mohan Mishra, Chief of Medical Services at SUMUM, Prof. (Dr.) Debabrata Sabat,